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REPORT

OF

YELLOW FEVER COMMISSION.

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REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

OF THE

YELLOW FEVER

NATIONAL RELIEF COMMISSION,

ORGANIZED AT

LANE LIBRARY

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 11, 1878,

WITH ACCOMPANYING REPORTS OF THE OPERATIONS
OF THE RELIEF BOAT "JOHN M. CHAMBERS,"
RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, ETC.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., *March* 25, 1879.

By direction of the Executive Committee of the Yellow Fever National Relief Commission, organized by authority of the citizens of the District of Columbia to receive and distribute the funds collected for the relief of the sufferers, the following report of their proceedings and action, with accompanying statement of receipts and disbursements, covering the entire financial transactions of the Committee, is made public.

The Committee have received many warm and earnest expressions of gratitude from their afflicted fellow-countrymen for the timely and generous aid extended to them through the liberality of the contributors to the relief fund, and through the co-operation of the officials of the United States Government; and the Committee, in closing its labors, is gratified to be able to state that the funds and supplies contributed and forwarded to the various sections of the South did much to alleviate the privations and suffering of those who were rendered helpless through the ravages of the pestilence.

ALEX. R. SHEPHERD, *Chairman.*
WILLIAM DICKSON, *Secretary.*
LEWIS J. DAVIS, *Treasurer.*

ARTHUR MACARTHUR,
GEORGE HILL, JR.,
LEONARD WHITNEY,
JOHN F. COOK,
JOHN M. WOODWORTH, M. D.,
JOHN T. MITCHELL,
A. S. SOLOMONS,
SIMON WOLF,
B. H. WARNER,
Executive Committee.

REPORT.

The hearts of the general public have not often been so profoundly moved by sympathy and compassion as they were during the latter half of the past year by the terrible sufferings of the people of the Southwestern States, under the rapidly-devastating visitation of the yellow fever, the course of which left innumerable graves, desolation, want, and misery in its rear, and in advance aroused everywhere fear and pity, apprehension in intermediate sections, which but accelerated and urged generous donations of all means of assistance, and generous human sympathy throughout the civilized world, which found expression in large collections and noble individual gifts of money, food, and clothing.

No terror stalks so boldly forth in public ways; none sits so closely by the hearthstones of men, as *endemic disease;* none brings humanity so nearly face to face with the bare skull and cross-bones of man's "last enemy," disillusionized of all the consolations of religion, all the proper observances of civilization, and all the tender cares of love and affection!

The records of gifts which have brought relief to communities afflicted by such diseases, the voluntary offerings of sympathy to distress, exhibit one of the bright phases of human nature, and ought to be preserved.

It is necessary to state, that in compiling this report the available materials have been limited to the records of the daily press of Washington, and that circulars which were issued in large numbers to all sections of the country, with the purpose of eliciting information more minute relative to donations of moneys and supplies sent to the suffering districts, failed to bring full and complete responses.

The papers of the current days of the months of July and August show, cotemporaneous with the incipiency and advance of the scourge, the efforts of various organizations in Washington to collect sums of money for the aid of victims of the yellow fever throughout the South. Among these were the Israelites, the Temperance Societies, the Masonic fraternity, the Odd Fellows, the musicians, and the amateur artists of the city. These exertions resulted in entertainments, excursions, concerts, jousts, and tournaments, which proved methods of creating, in each instance, funds of considerable quantity, an[illegible]ded, when combined receipts were estimated, a sum amounti[illegible]y $13,000 by the 10th of September.

The first organized effort made in the District of Colum[illegible] relief funds for the victims of the fever was made under t[illegible] the Hebrew Citizens' Relief Committee. A public meet[illegible]

on the evening of August 21, at Odd Fellows' Hall, presided over by Henry Adler, Esq. A strong appeal was made for funds, and collectors were appointed. Telegraphic correspondence was opened with New Orleans, Vicksburg, Memphis, and other places, and the funds, as fast as obtained, were forwarded by telegraph. Earnest requests came from Memphis to send nurses, and the Committee at once organized a corps of experienced nurses, under the management of Simon Wolf, Esq., Chairman of the Executive Committee, and, provided with all the necessary supplies to extend relief, they left Washington for Memphis on the 3d of September.

A list of these volunteers appears in the latter pages of this report, together with a statement furnished by the treasurer of the Hebrew Citizens' Committee, of the contributions received and the amounts disbursed by him.

The Masonic fraternity also held a mass meeting at their temple on the 23d, which resulted in the collection of a handsome sum, and appointment of committees for purposes of canvassing the city, and disbursement of funds in aid of the poor sufferers.

Early in September the following appeal for aid, signed by representative men of the afflicted sections of the South, was telegraphed to the country:

AN APPEAL FOR THE SUFFERERS.

To the Chambers of Commerce and the charitable of the chief cities of the Union:

The cry of anguish from the stricken cities and people of the South has been answered by a noble burst of charity from the cities and people of the whole country. Contributions, great and small, have been extended to the sufferers. The Secretary of War has generously extended the aid of the government to the poor and needy of the pestridden cities. But great as has been the charity, the necessity is yet greater and the sums subscribed are yet inadequate to the wants of the suffering. In New Orleans, Vicksburg, and Memphis, as well as in the smaller towns of Holly Springs, Grenada, Port Gibson, Canton, Granville, Brownsville, Baton Rouge, and Delhi, all business is entirely suspended. It is estimated that in the suspension on the Mississippi River, south of Memphis, over fifty steamboats are tied up and their crews discharged. The longshoremen and the gang of stevedores and laborers who were engaged in the receiving and discharging the freight are without employment.

Four great lines of railroad are paralyzed, and their employees are idle. Nearly every place of business in the cities and towns where the fever prevails are closed, and their employees discharged. These employees are poor, and dependent upon their labor for support. It is estimated that of these unemployed men there are in New Orleans 15,000; Memphis, 8,000; Vicksburg, 2,000; smaller towns, 2,000,—making a total of 27,000 discharged workingmen, most of whom are heads of families, and represent a total population of not less than 108,000 in actual and desolate want. These people have no means to get away from the pestridden cities. For them there is no labor, no wages, no bread, nothing but death or starvation; and this condition must last at least for fifty days, for there will be no stay of the pestilence, no resumption of business, until frost.

Averaging the support of each individual at twenty cents per day, which is ten cents less than the cost of army ration for fifty, the support of the suffering and destitute will cost $1,080,000, and this for subsistence alone. Nothing for medicine, clothing, and proper sustenance for the sick and the burial of the dead has been taken into the account in this calculation. It has occurred to the undersigned that a comprehensive system of relief should be at once inaugurated to avoid the appalling distress which will sicken and shock humanity when to the awful destruction of the plague are added the horrors of famine. We suggest that in each of the great cities of the Union a central depot for the reception of supplies be at once opened, where contributions of provisions, tea, coffee, wines, medicines, and clothing may be sent.

The lines of transportation over both land and water have volunteered to transport supplies to the stricken cities free of charge. Let New Orleans, which is most accessible by sea and land, and which has more facilities for transportation, be constituted the central depot for the reception of the supplies, which can be forwarded to the Howard and Peabody Associations of that city as fast as collected. Let Vicksburg, Memphis, and the smaller towns that are affected send to New Orleans their agents to aid in receiving, distributing, and forwarding *pro rata* the supplies to the respective towns and cities for which they are destined. We appeal to the Chambers of Commerce of the great cities to inaugurate this movement forthwith; we appeal to the charitable and the good; we appeal to the ministers of God for their influence, and to their congregations. Even the smallest donation of provisions, money, or medicines will be acceptable.

The characters of the noble gentlemen who compose the Howard Association, and the Peabody Association, and the Young Men's Christian Association, are guarantees that all charities donated will be properly and honestly applied. In the name of a common country and a kindred humanity, we invoke for our stricken, dying, and starving people the charity of those whose homes and loved ones are secure from the "pestilence that walketh in the darkness, and the destruction that wasteth at noonday."

E. JOHN ELLIS, Louisiana.
R. L. GIBSON, Louisiana.
JOHN T. MORGAN, Alabama.
WILLIAM H. McCARDLE, Mississippi.
CYRUS BUSSEY,
President New Orleans Chamber of Commerce.

The gradual but intensifying interest felt by the general public, in which the citizens of the District of Columbia largely shared, seemed to demand the necessity of creating an organization through which reliable information as to localities, conditions, and necessities might be accurately ascertained, and through which moneys and supplies, contributed by remoter sections, might be directly transmitted to points where aid was most needed.

The legal inability on the part of the Government to act independently in the extension of pecuniary help to the afflicted people, essentially added to the arguments in favor of the creation of a commission whose province of action should include the sufferers from yellow fever in all parts visited by that scourge, and all charitable efforts for their relief intrusted to the charge of the Commission.

The urgent demand for such a commission having been seriously considered by the most influential residents of the District, and being generally discussed, the press of the District called upon the citizens to organize at once and concentrate their efforts in the measures of relief already inaugurated; and a mass meeting was announced to take place at Lincoln Hall on the evening of September 10. Nearly two hundred ladies and gentlemen assembled in response to the call. The meeting was organized by the election of Hon. Arthur MacArthur as chairman, William Dickson secretary, and Henry Franc treasurer.

The chairman depicted the condition of the victims of fever, and the extreme distress and destitution consequent upon the epidemic. Mr. Simon Wolf urged the necessity of unanimity and organization on the part of all engaged in the philanthropic work of collecting and distributing aid for the suffering in different locations. He reported application at his office of more than one hundred men and wom desirous to be sent as nurses to the South, from among whom s teen—seven ladies and ten gentlemen—had been accepted and South, to Memphis and vicinity.

In compliance with request for a detailed statement as to remittances dispatched by telegraph, it was announced that, of sums collected previously to date, $1,200 had been sent to New Orleans, $1,700 to Memphis, $400 to Vicksburg, $200 to Grenada, $200 to Holly Springs, $120 to Baton Rouge, and $100 to Canton,—$200 having been expended for the nurses.

Messrs. S. Hutchins, A. S. Solomons, and T. P. Morgan were designated to appoint a General Committee for the collection and disbursement of funds and supplies in the future; and by their election, the committee was composed of the following-named gentlemen:

Geo. W. Riggs.	Alex. R. Shepherd.	A. S. Solomons.
Stilson Hutchins.	C. W. Spofford.	Wm. Dickson.
T. P. Morgan.	J. W. Hogg.	Geo. Hill, Jr.
W. A. Knapp.	Henry Franc.	G. C. Wing.
Henry Adler.	Major Nicholson.	J. M. Toner.
S. A. H. Marks.	L. Abrams.	Leonard Whitney.
J. L. Vogt.	Simon Wolf.	Fred. Douglass.
W. G. Moore.	A. M. Clapp.	T. J. Durant.
J. C. Miller.	J. T. Mitchell.	L. P. Jackson.
Gustav Lansburgh.	C. Hertzog.	J. A. Baker.
J. K. Upton.	G. M. Lockwood.	G. S. Kuntz.
J. L. Blout.	B. H. Warner.	E. Abner.
S. H. Kauffman.	G. M. Oyster.	T. L. Hume.
C. E. Behle.	A. C. Richards.	C. Walter.
Arthur MacArthur.	H. T. Crosby.	W. W. Howgate.
S. A. Brown.	B. F. Lloyd.	J. A. Tait.
	L. W. Morse.	

Generous subscriptions voluntarily offered during this meeting amounted, with a balance from the Hebrew Committee of $552.78, to $1,851.78.

Flour, tea, wine, and clothing were also donated by gentlemen present. A meeting of the General Committee was appointed to be held at the Riggs House at 10 o'clock A. M. on the following day, for purpose of election and organization of an Executive Committee.

On the morning of the 11th this meeting duly took place. George W. Riggs presided, and William Dickson was designated as secretary. The duties assigned to the Executive Committee at this meeting were to manage the collection and transmission of funds and supplies, concentrate the efforts of the citizens in their measures of relief, and ar-ange effective measures for furnishing aid to the suffering. At the restion of Mr. Stilson Hutchins, the organization was designated e Yellow Fever National Relief Commission." The gentlemen d to serve on the Executive Committee were ex-Governor Alex- Shepherd, Hon. Arthur MacArthur, Simon Wolf, John T. · John M. Woodworth, A. S. Solomons, Lewis J. Davis, Varner, George Hill, Jr., William Dickson, Leonard hn F. Cook.

Committee immediately organized by the election of

ex-Governor Shepherd chairman, William Dickson secretary, and Lewis J. Davis treasurer. The offer by the chairman of the gratuitous use of the *Chronicle* building, 914 Pennsylvania avenue, as the headquarters of the Committee, was accepted.

An appeal to the citizens for funds and donations of supplies was issued, and authorized collectors were designated to canvass the different sections of the city and the various departments of the government.

Dr. John M. Woodworth, Surgeon-General Marine Hospital Service, was requested to furnish the Commission with reliable information relative to the points throughout the infected sections where aid was most needed, and to designate what class of supplies should be forwarded.

Thus, with authority from the people, the Commission became the representatives of the people in the exercise of their charities toward the sufferers from the yellow fever in all places. From this time the Executive Committee held daily meetings at their headquarters.

All local relief committees in cities and towns visited by the scourge were invited to apply through Dr. Woodworth, M. H. S., for such assistance as their necessities demanded,—money, food, clothing, and medical supplies,—with full directions as to transmission.

On the evening of the 11th, three of the seventeen nurses sent on the 3d to the South by the Hebrew Citizens' Committee, returned, having been estimated as unfit for the duties of nursing, as they had never had experience of the yellow fever. These were Drs. Ramsey and Pease and Miss Wallace.

On the 12th, urgent appeals were extended by the Committee to ladies of the District for the donation of bedding, clothing, and linen of all kinds suitable to relieve the distressful needs of the sick of all ages and conditions, to be forwarded through means provided by the Committee.

A proposition was entertained to request the pastors of the churches in the District to urge upon their congregations to generous contributions for the fever sufferers on the Sunday following.

A considerable amount of provisions, clothing, and stores was reported—to be sent for—by the donors thereof; and various projects for the realization of money were discussed. The day's records exhibited additional sums of money acquired from various sources, which considerably swelled the aggregate of sums already collected.

On the 13th of September, it was decided to announce to Hon. Casey Young and Mr. Keating, of Memphis, readiness on the part of the Committee to forward to that city three car-loads of supplies of provisions and clothing. Propositions concerning entertainments by dramatic and musical associations and base-ball companies were discussed.

On Saturday, the 14th, the Committee issued additional appeals to the citizens of the District for more generous contributions of all kinds available for the uses of the sick. Large donations of cl d food were reported. The Tournament Committee reported out to different afflicted cities, in divided sums, $800, the late successful tourney at the National Driving Park.

A proposition to adopt the plan carried out successfi

cities, of distributing envelopes at each house throughout the District, soliciting small subscriptions, was agreed to.

Supplies and funds were forwarded daily to various points, and the Committee were in constant receipt of telegrams soliciting aid.

On the 17th of September telegrams were received from Memphis, in which blankets, medicines, and thermometers were solicited in behalf of the sick; also propositions from W. S. Thompson and John W. Drew, druggists, to furnish such supplies, partly at cost and partly gratuitously. Mr. Davis, treasurer, stated that he had a balance on hand of $3,360, and suggested that $300 should be forwarded to Grenada, Miss., if the necessities of that town should require, and that $300 should also be sent to Memphis. Senator Bayard, hearing of their success in treatment of yellow fever, sent to the Homeopathic Association of New Orleans $25 for their use; and Dr. Verdi's little daughter sent to the same association $10, her savings.

An order was given for the dispatch of a car-load of supplies to Memphis that day, and entertainments proposed by Mr. John T. Ford and others were discussed.

On the 18th the secretary was directed to have the forty barrels of flour then on hand converted into biscuit, for ready use of the sick.

Hon. William M. Evarts, Secretary of State, made known to the Committee the reception at the Department of State of $6,000 by cable dispatch, the contributions of the "American colony" to the fever relief fund, and discussion was held as to the most judicious application of the donation.

A grand concert, in preparation, was favorably discussed, four hundred singers having participated in its rehearsals, while the chorus, in rehearsal of the "Messiah" and the "Creation," included five hundred singers of fair talents. The orchestra to be employed was composed of over fifty pieces. This concert was appointed for the 2d of October, and for its purposes the Congregational Church was offered.

To advance the success of the great tournament proposed for the 27th, for benefit of the fever victims, a large number of the prominent merchants of the city signed a paper recommending a suspension of business, and closed doors on that day.

Success of a police picnic, celebrated at the Schutzen Park the previous evening, was reported; and the sale, by auction, of a beautiful pair of terra-cotta lawn vases was arranged to occur on the 19th.

The Executive Committee, on the 19th, received from Mr. A. S. Solomons a report of a plan adopted by sub-committee for the distribution of the $6,000 sent from Paris, as follows: $1,500 for New Orleans; for Vicksburg, $1,500; Holly Springs, $400; Memphis, $2,000; Grenada, $200; Hickman, $200; and Canton, $200.

A car-load of supplies was ordered to be forwarded South. Commodore Schufeldt, acting Secretary of the Navy, sent in a report of $1,953, ontributed by check, by the officers, marines, and employés of the navy ioned at Mare Island, California, and the same was forwarded to mittee for distribution among the fever sufferers. Hon. George ary, Secretary of War, also forwarded to the Commission for ses $515.50, contributed by the officers and cadets at West

Point. Dr. Woodworth presented telegrams received from different towns in Mississippi and Kentucky asking for relief, and, in compliance with such appeals, it was ordered that $100 be sent to Hickman, Kentucky, and $300 to Holly Springs. Additional supplies of food, clothing, and bedding were reported.

Dr. Woodworth also reported that, in reply to a dispatch from Wheeling, Va., in which advice was asked relative to the best expenditure of the sum of $2,000, (two thousand dollars,) subscribed in that city for the fever sufferers, he had directed the money to be sent to Holly Springs and Port Gibson as needing most relief. Among large contributions of this date, of both money and clothing, came an old-fashioned purse containing $9, given by four little girls, representatives of the English-German school.

On the 20th the Committee were apprised by Dr. Woodworth of appeals for money and nurses from Hickman, Ky. Dr. Woodworth stated that a generous lady, Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, had pledged herself to give $250 toward the expenses of a commission of experts, which should be elected by advice of the *American Public Health Association*, to be sent to investigate the causes of the yellow fever, and the best means of its treatment and prevention, provided others would meet additional demands. After discussion of this proposition, it was decided to apply to the Chambers of Commerce of different cities for aid in the project.

On the 22d the Commission were applied to by the relief committee of Brooklyn for co-operation in the distribution of funds in their hands, and similar advice was solicited by a committee in Reading, Pa.; while petitions were received from Memphis for provisions and hospital stores; from Port Gibson, for 250 blankets, mattresses, and rations for 200 people; from Grenada, for money for the remuneration of nurses; from Holly Springs, for hospital clothing and supplies; from Canton, for money and food; and $200 were forwarded to Greenville.

Another car-load of supplies was ordered sent to Memphis, and the ladies of Falls Church, Va., sent a large box of clothing to the sick through the Committee.

On the 23d a dispatch reached the Committee from Hernando, Miss., asking for money. Dr. Woodworth was empowered to purchase 500 blankets for Memphis.

Four hundred dollars were ordered sent to Greenville; $50 were sent to Grand Junction, Tenn.

A large English pulpit Bible, gift of an anonymous donor, was ordered to be sold for the relief fund.

A remarkably good collection of clothing was sent to charge of Committee, by the ladies of St. Paul's Church, for the fever sufferers, and a box of garments from a Sunday school at Rockville, Maryland, was also received for the same destination.

On the 24th of September, a contribution of $25 was received from Mr. Thomas Wilson, to be applied toward the expenses of the proposed Investigation Commission.

The following resolution was adopted:

That Mr. George W. Riggs be requested to act as treasurer of the fund fo
ing the expenses of the proposed Commission to investigate the cause and
vention of the yellow fever.

A statement was presented of the terrible condition of the people residing along the line of the Mississippi River, between Memphis and Vicksburg, and it was urged that prompt and decisive action on the part of the relief committees of the country was needed. It was suggested that the Secretary of War be requested to furnish a boat from St. Louis, to be loaded with supplies,—ice, medicine, and nourishing food,—and distributed along the line of the river among the isolated villages and towns.

The Chair (Governor Shepherd) and Dr. Woodworth being requested to communicate with the Secretary of War on the subject, the following communication was forwarded to the Secretary of War:

HEADQUARTERS EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
YELLOW FEVER NATIONAL RELIEF COMMISSION,
NO. 914 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, WASHINGTON, D. C., *Sept.* 25, 1878.

Hon. George W. McCrary, Secretary of War:

DEAR SIR: We are advised that great destitution and suffering exist in the towns and villages along the Mississippi River, between Cairo and New Orleans, in the yellow-fever districts; and as these places are off the line of railroad communication, the only means of supplying them with food, medicines, and ice is by water transportation. Our Committee propose, with the aid of kindred relief societies in the North and West, to furnish a cargo of supplies, if transportation can be provided by your Department, and a trustworthy agent to deliver them along the river at such points as may need them.

This is the most pressing want in that section at the present moment.

Mindful of your great interest and efforts in behalf of this afflicted section of our country, we are emboldened to make this request, feeling assured that great suffering and distress can be alleviated only by this plan.

Please give us a favorable response at the earliest moment, and oblige, very respectfully, your obedient servants,

ALEX. R. SHEPHERD,
J. M. WOODWORTH.
Committee.

The Committee also telegraphed to St. Louis to see whether, and on what terms, a boat could be procured there for the purpose of sending supplies down the river.

The Secretary of State reported the receipt of $3,000, an additional contribution from the American Colony in Paris, with $1,000, the gift of President McMahon and his wife. Total $4,000. Other small sums were reported.

On the 26th the Executive Committee received from Mrs. Curtis, of Georgetown, $250, part result of a fair held in the Curtis Building. A box of medical stores was forwarded to Grand Junction, Texas.

The seventh contribution of the U. S. Signal Corps ($94) was received, their entire donation having, in aggregate, to date, as reported by them, amounted to $610.38.

Governor Shepherd reported that the Secretary of War had been conferred with relative to furnishing a boat to distribute supplies along the line of the Mississippi River, and he had received the reply that there was no vessel owned or chartered by the United States available for the purpose.

The following communication was received:

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, *Sept.* 26, 1878.

DEAR GOVERNOR: I send you herewith a copy of a dispatch just received from mayor of Detroit and my reply thereto. I beg to invite your attention to the

closing paragraph of my dispatch, and to request that you will give him such information as your more extended knowledge of the necessities of the fever-stricken localities may suggest. Very respectfully, GEORGE W. McCRARY,
Secretary of War.

Governor A. R. SHEPHERD, President National Relief Commission.

The dispatches inclosed were as follows:

DETROIT, MICH., *Sept.* 25, 1878.

To the Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

Is there any truth in the published statement that they need no more funds, and that you have ordered an investigation in regard to the fever fund in the hands of the Howard Association of New Orleans? Can you give me the cities where funds are needed, or most needed? GEORGE C. LANGDON, Mayor.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, *Sept.* 26, 1878.

Hon. George C. Langdon, Mayor, Detroit, Mich.:

SIR: I am advised that the Howard Association have on hand an unexpended balance probably sufficient for their wants at New Orleans and Memphis. I think the Association perfectly reliable, and have ordered no investigation. At all afflicted points, save New Orleans and Memphis, the suffering and want are great, and I think increasing, and even in those cities more help may be required in the near future. You can scarcely go amiss in sending aid. I will request the National Relief Association here to advise you further.

GEORGE W. McCRARY, Secretary of War.

Upon receipt of the above the following was sent:

HEADQUARTERS EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, &C.,
WASHINGTON, D. C., *Sept.* 26, 1878.

Hon. George C. Langdon, Mayor, Detroit, Mich.:

SIR: The Secretary of War has referred your dispatch to us. We propose sending steamer from St. Louis with provisions, ice, and medicines down the Mississippi to New Orleans, to relieve settlements cut off from communication. What can you give to help this object? A. R. SHEPHERD, Chairman.

Similar despatches were sent to New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Buffalo, Boston, Rochester, Cleveland, Chicago, San Francisco, Reading, and Pittsburg.

The following was received in answer to a dispatch proposing to charter a steamer and send supplies South:

ST. LOUIS, MO., *Sept.* 26, 1878.

To Alex. Shepherd and Dr. J. M. Woodworth, Washington, D. C.:

Steamer *Eagle*, 150 tons, fast and reliable, with double crew, $85 per day; boat unequipped, $15 per day; very reasonable. Command my services in any way.

W. H. BLISS.

The Chair reported that he had written to General MacFeely, Commissary-General of Subsistence, U. S. A., asking the co-operation of the post commissary at St. Louis in purchasing supplies, and had received the following letter:

Lieutenant-Colonel A. Beckwith, A. C. S., St. Louis, Mo.:

COLONEL: I am informed by Governor A. R. Shepherd that it has been determined by the Executive Committee of the National Yellow-Fever Relief Commission of this city to charter a steamer at St. Louis, loading her with provisions, ice, and medicines, and send her down the Mississippi River, to relieve the suffering sick residing at the landings and settlements between Cairo and New Orleans. A sub-committee will be sent from here to aid in dispatching the boat, and I will be obliged to you if you will afford this sub-committee any aid in your power to enable them to secure supplies at the lowest rates. From the well-known liberality of merchants, your extensive acquaintance with them, and the interest which take in this matter, I indulge the hope that such arrangements will be m

enable the committee to purchase stores at even lower rates than they could be purchased by the Subsistence Department.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. MACFEELY,
Commissary-General of Subsistence.

The Merchants' Exchange Relief Committee of St. Louis appropriated $750 toward the organization of an investigation commission of medical experts.

The grand tournament of the 27th was productive of generous results; and considerable contributions through the envelopes distributed in the city were received, with other supplies. Stores were closed, also branches of the Departments, in order that citizens might have opportunity to attend the tournament for the benefit of the victims of yellow fever.

On the 28th of September the following communications were read:

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, *Sept.* 27, 1878.

Hon. A. R. Shepherd:

Mr. Evarts informs me that he will to-day remit to District Attorney Bliss, of St. Louis, $1,000 to aid in chartering and loading boat to be sent down the Mississippi River for relief of yellow-fever sufferers.

GEORGE W. McCRARY,
Secretary of War.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,
UNITED STATES MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., *Sept.* 28, 1878.

Hon. A. R. Shepherd, Washington, D. C.:

General Drum, United States Army, has telegraphed as follows to General C. C. Augur, Newport Barracks, Ky.: "The Secretary of War says if you have an officer in your command who will volunteer to take charge of contributions of supplies about to be sent by steamboat from St. Louis to points on the Mississippi, order him to report to Governor A. R. Shepherd, Lindell House, St. Louis, Mo., by Tuesday next. The officer sent should be instructed to make a careful report of the disposition made of the supplies to the War Department. Please acknowledge receipt and report action taken, stating name of officer ordered."

Very respectfully,

JOHN M. WOODWORTH,
Surgeon-General U. S. M. H. S.

Surgeon Keyes, of the Marine Hospital Service, had been telegraphed to at Vicksburg, Miss., by Surgeon-General Woodworth, to report to Gov. A. R. Shepherd at St. Louis, Mo., and accompany the relief boat on its trip down the Mississippi River. Governor Shepherd sent the following to District Attorney Bliss, at St. Louis:

Secretary of State remitted $1,000 to aid in chartering steamer. I have telegraphed the various cities offering contributions to forward the amounts to you. Will be with you on Monday morning to aid in loading steamer.

A. R. SHEPHERD, Chairman.

Eleven thousand two hundred dollars had so far been subscribed wards the project of sending a boat down the Mississippi loaded with ies, as follows: Chicago, $5,000; State Department, $1,000; Prov- 000; Brooklyn, $1,000; San Francisco, $1,000; Baltimore, nkee, $500; Detroit, $500; Rochester, $200; Iowa, $250. g resolution, offered by Mr. Warner, was adopted:

or A. R. Shepherd and John T. Mitchell, on behalf of this to supervise the purchase of proper supplies and nt steamer to points on the Mississippi River

where they are most required, in accordance with the previous action of this Committee and the contributions made by different cities throughout the Union; that as early as practicable full report of the action of such sub-committee be made of the distribution of the several amounts contributed.

The Chair stated that he would telegraph to the various cities which have so generously contributed toward the project of supplying the relief boat, requesting that the amounts appropriated by them be forwarded at once to District Attorney William H. Bliss, of St. Louis.

Monday, the 30th, found Mr. Shepherd and Mr. Mitchell, of the Executive Committee, at St. Louis. The members at headquarters received from Wheeling, Va., $700, and from Detroit $500, for the relief boat. The Pittsburg relief committee offered $1,000 for the same purpose.

Lieut. H. H. Benner, 18th Infantry, U. S. A., stationed at Newport Barracks, Kentucky, volunteered to accompany the expedition, and was designated as commander of the relief boat. Lieut. Chas. S. Hall, 13th Infantry, U. S. A., also offered his services to accompany the boat, and they were accepted.

On the 1st of October the Committee forwarded to St. Louis additional sums of money for the relief boat. Baltimore and Brooklyn doubled their subscriptions; Oil City sent $200 and Wheeling $100, to St. Louis, for the same object.

Bedding and clothing were offered by the Citizens' Relief Committee of Philadelphia for distribution by the boat. Hartford, Conn., sent $250 for the same. The Committee forwarded $200 to Baton Rouge for the sick there, and supplies were received at headquarters.

Dr. Woodworth announced the names of the following physicians, elected to serve as the Medical Investigating Committee: Dr. Bemis, of New Orleans; Dr. Cochran, of Mobile; and Dr. Lloyd Howard, of Baltimore.

On the 2d of October the *John M. Chambers*, being superior to the *Eagle* in size, was chartered, in lieu of the latter, as the supply boat. Mr. Shepherd telegraphed that she would receive her cargo and leave St. Louis on Thursday morning, provided Lieutenants Benner and Hall should then have arrived. The boat's expenses were estimated as $150 per day. Toledo, Ohio, contributed to the boat $813.33. Appeals reached the Committee from Mississippi for bedding, clothing, and medicines. Large supplies were forwarded to the Sisters of St. Mary and to the Episcopal Church Home, at Memphis.

Thanks were voted to the Western Union Telegraph Company for free transmission of all business dispatches for the Relief Commission, and for courtesies extended.

A letter was read from Judge Chalmers, urging immediate action in forwarding medicines and supplies to many towns and villages in Mississippi, where great suffering existed, and Dr. Woodworth was requested to adopt measures to meet this demand.

The sum of $1,047.56 was placed in the Committee's charge, contribution of the public schools of the District of Columbia, co from the pupils of the various divisions, as follows: First D $211.60; Second Division, $216.98; Third Division, $135.14;

Division, $105.10; Fifth Division, $75.59; Sixth Division, $72.95; Seventh Division, $197.55; Advanced School and miscellaneous, $32.65. Total, $1047.56.

The grand concert at the Congregational Church, given by local talent for benefit of the fever sufferers, was a memorable success.

On the 3d the Committee learned of the arrival of Dr. Keyes and Lieutenants Benner and Hall at St. Louis, and Buffalo forwarded $600; Lowell, Massachusetts, $300; Fall River, $100, and Hartford, Connecticut, $250, for the relief-boat fund.

On the morning of the 4th, before 4 o'clock, the steamer *J. M. Chambers*, fully laden with all means of relief for the sick and destitute, and efficiently commanded, left her port, and with the words of promise, "National Relief Boat," borne to the eyes of beholders on her flags, started on her humane mission. The cost of the expedition was estimated at $25,000.

The following article, relative to the departure of the relief boat, is from the St. Louis *Republican* of October 4:

The steamer *J. M. Chambers*, loaded with provisions, medicines, and clothing for the yellow-fever sufferers, leaves on its noble mission of mercy, from the foot of Vine street, this morning, at nine o'clock. As full particulars of her outfit and names of officers have been published, it is unnecessary to repeat them. The following orders to Lieut. Benner, one of the officers detailed by the War Department to accompany the relief expedition, were drawn up last night by Gov. A. R. Shepherd and J. T. Mitchell, of the National Relief Committee, and concurred in by District Attorney Bliss, the government representative here:

THE ORDER.

ST. LOUIS, MO., *October* 3, 1878.

Lieut. H. H. BENNER, U. S. A.

DEAR SIR: Your detail by the War Department to take charge of the relief steamer *J. M. Chambers*, about to sail down the Mississippi for the succor of communities afflicted with yellow fever, and rendered destitute through this fearful scourge, requires instructions as to the conduct of the expedition; and it may not be improper to give you a brief account of the origin of the movement, the contributors to it, as well as what is designed to be accomplished by and through it.

The movement originated with the National Yellow-Fever Relief Commission of Washington, D. C. Representations as to the great suffering and destitution existing along the Lower Mississippi were constantly made by citizens having relatives and friends living along the river, more particularly between Memphis and Vicksburg, and the feeling that such suffering existed was intensified by the knowledge that communication was entirely suspended between these points. The Commission determined to adopt measures which would furnish the needed relief, and opened telegraphic communication with various cities, stating the plan and asking co-operation. Favorable responses and contributions were made by Chicago, Brooklyn, Baltimore, Providence, Rochester, Pittsburg, San Francisco, Detroit, Milwaukee, Iowa, Hartford, Oil City, Wheeling, Buffalo, Philadelphia, a portion of the fund contributed by Americans resident in France through the State Department at Washington, D. C. Since the arrival of the Committee here, some of the merchants of St. Louis have also contributed.

The fund thus raised, aggregating $20,000 in money, (besides a large quantity of merchandise,) has been expended in the charter of a steamer and the purchase of an assorted cargo of such provisions, clothing, bedding, medicines, and ice, as experience suggested, adapted to the purpose intended, and you are about to put into practical operation the distribution of this noble charity. We request, therefore, that you will start on the morning of October 4, at 9 A. M., cruising along the eastern shore of the Mississippi River below Cairo, touching at all accessible points on that side of the river, making inquiries as to and relieving all destitution which you may find. You will also endeavor to ascertain the condition of and help localities opposite to the landings, distributing the supplies in your possession. The details

of distribution must necessarily be left to your discretion and judgment. The quantity, though considerable, is to be distributed over a large area, and should be given out with care and caution, in order that the greatest good may be done to the greatest number, proportioned to the existing needs of each community.

In executing this commission, we suggest that you confer with the authorities or prominent citizens of the places visited, finding out the exact necessities of localities, and thoroughly acquainting yourself with them. In distributing this charity, no distinction must be made on account of race, color, or nationality. Should you hear of or find out any suffering on the western shore of the river, you will of course relieve it. It is hoped that the points below Vicksburg have been already supplied from New Orleans, but if not you will succor them. It will not be in accord with the charter of steamer to take on board refugees, and as the sickly season, it is to be hoped, will soon be over, it is thought by the donors of this charity that citizens of afflicted localities should remain at their homes to care for their sick and comfort the stricken families. It is hardly necessary to say that you, as the officer in charge, have full control of and authority over the steamer and all on board.

You will be accompanied by Lieut. Charles S. Hall, Assistant Surgeon Keyes of the Marine Hospital Service, who will have charge of the medical portion of the expedition, the delivery of medicines, &c., &c.; Dr. F. W. Reilly, a citizen and physician of Chicago, recommended by the relief committee of that city; and Mr. Hyde, a representative of the St. Louis press. Capt. V. M. Yore has been selected as captain of the steamer, of course under your direction and control. We suggest that the cargo is so arranged that supplies of almost any description or quantity can be issued, and that you take proper receipts for and make return of all such. When you shall have completed your mission, you will return to this city and settle your account with W. H. Bliss, Esq., U. S. attorney, advising us also of your return, and making such full report of your proceedings as you may be able to do. We trust that your mission may be a successful one in relieving want, destitution, and famine, and that your expedition may be instrumental in great good. The postmaster at St. Louis and the postal agent at Atlanta, Georgia, have arranged to have mails to the points you touch, delivered through you, and you are authorized to do so. The postmaster at Memphis has a large accumulation of mail matter which will be given you on your arrival there for distribution along the river; and to this end you will notify him upon your arrival there.

Very respectfully, your obedient servants,

A. R. SHEPHERD,
J. T. MITCHELL,
Of National Y. F. R. Commission.

The cargo on board of the steamer is estimated to cost over $20,000, the medicines alone footing up over $3,000. A full list of the cargo will be prepared to-day.

The following comprises the principal items of the cargo: 124 cases of champagne, making 1,500 bottles, besides other wines and liquors; 6 cases of brandy, 4 cases of sherry, 24 dozen cases of beer, materials for 300 coffins, 25 boxes of lemons, 4 dozen cases of tomatoes, 40 dozen cans of corned beef, 48 dozen cans extract of beef, 1,000 mattresses, 100 pillows, 1,000 drawers, 800 dressing-gowns, 1,000 shirts, 121 gallons of whiskey, 33 boxes cheese, 6 barrels grits, 11 tubs of butter, 50 barrels onions, 50 barrels potatoes, 102 barrels corn meal, 10,000 pounds bacon, 55 barrels flour, 25 barrels chloride lime, 15 sacks of meal, 20 boxes of soap, 1,050 boxes crackers, 2 large cases assorted clothing, 200 blankets, 500 yards sheeting, 25 barrels turpentine, 2 boxes carbolic acid, 1,000 chickens, 400 dozen eggs, 1,000 pounds coffee, 500 pounds tea, 1,500 pounds sugar, 150 tons ice, 200 cases of medicine selected for special use of yellow-fever patients. A large general assortment of goods, of which the Committee thinks these people stand in great need, comprising dry goods, groceries, hardware, and housekeeping goods. The cargo contains about 15,000 packages. Contributions are daily coming from the Eastern and Northern cities, which will put the Committee in funds sufficient for everything they have purchased before they leave St. Louis. Of the cargo on the boat, Pittsburg sends an order for $1,000 of stores to be purchased on their account.

The steamer will carry a yellow flag, with the inscription, "National Relief Boat."

The Congregational Church at Litchfield, Connecticut, forwarded on this date to this Committee $65.25 for the supply boat. The Committee sent $50 to Meridian, Mississippi.

The *Chambers* was reported at Cairo on Saturday, 5th.

On the 7th the Committee received news of the *Chambers* at Memphis, where extreme distress and desolated streets were reported. Commodore Schufeldt forwarded to Committee a draft of $400, for the benefit of the fever sufferers, a gift from the officers and crew of the U. S. steamer *Alliance*, stationed at Leghorn, Italy.

Intelligence received by the Committee on the 8th indicated no abatement of the yellow fever, and no diminution of consequent needs, in and about Memphis and other cities.

The 10th brought letters of appeal for aid from different sections to the Committee, and small contributions of supplies and money.

The Committee, in session, on the 18th received appeals from smaller towns in Tennessee, for aid in behalf of the sick in extreme distress; and $300 was sent to Canton, Mississippi. The chairman (Mr. Shepherd) received from Lieutenant Benner report dated Greenville, Miss.: "Unloading stores; situation more than terrible; all well."

Rochester, N. Y., sent to Committee $400, additional contribution.

In response to appeals in behalf of the laboring classes of New Orleans and other places, $3,000 were ordered to be forwarded to the Workingmen's Society for their relief; $25 were ordered to be sent to Surgeon Murray, for the beneficiaries of the Ladies' Physiological Society of New Orleans.

On the 12th a telegram was received by Committee from Philadelphia, announcing an appropriation of $1,000 by the Citizens' Commission for the supply boat. The Knights of St. Peter forwarded to Memphis $100, as result of their picnic. The ladies of St. Paul's Church sent to the family of the late Rev. C. C. Parsons, Memphis, a large box of clothing, this being the fifth box of clothing contributed by these ladies.

The Committee, on the 14th, sent $200 to Bay St. Louis, $100 to Biloxi, and $100 to Ocean Spring. A resolution was adopted that all societies and individuals should be requested to report to the Committee amounts donated, and places relieved by them, in order that just estimates might be made of relief furnished by the District of Columbia. The *Chambers* reported at Vicksburg, with cargo discharged, and Lieutenant Benner very sick. Receipt of $150 from the First Baptist Church, Washington, was acknowledged by J. C. Reynolds, New Orleans.

The Committee received in behalf of the fever sufferers a draft for $250 from the officers and crew of the U. S. steamer *Vandalia*, stationed at Barcelona, Spain. On the 15th the Committee received from the mayor of Rochester, N. Y., a contribution of $600 for the relief boat.

Two pictures were offered to be sold in behalf of the fever sufferers, one by Mr. Southworth, an engraving of the "Signing of the Emancipation Proclamation," another by Guillaume, an oil painting, a "Flower Sketch," by himself.

Two hundred dollars were sent to E. N. Henderson, Pass Christian, Miss. Boxes of clothing were received.

On the 16th, Lieutenant Benner's condition was reported unfavorable. Four hundred dollars were forwarded to Hon. Casey Young to be distributed in small towns in Tennessee.

Mr. R. W. Barker made offer of a fine oak book-case, as a prize to the teacher in the public schools contributing the largest sum to the relief fund by November 2, a large English pulpit Bible having been before offered as prize to the school giving the most generous donation.

The managers of the tournament at Hill's Park distributed the money resulting from the same to various afflicted places, in sums amounting to $1,200.

Appeals reached the Committee on the 17th from Hernando, Miss., for aid, and $100 were sent to that place.

Madison, Miss., appealed for aid for destitute sick.

Mr. Shepherd received a telegram from Lieutenant Hall, next in command to Lieutenant Benner on the *Chambers*, announcing the death of Lieutenant Benner at 2.20 A. M. of date. It was determined, with advice of the Secretary of War, to instruct Lieutenant Hall to proceed with the *Chambers* back to St. Louis, for quarantine.

Telegrams were sent to General Augur by Committee, expressive of regrets at death of Lieutenant Benner.

On the 18th the Committee received a telegram from Lieutenant Hall announcing the burial of Lieutenant Benner, and his compliance with orders of the War Department.

On motion of Mr. Solomons, the following expression of regret and tribute to the memory of Lieut. Benner was ordered to be entered on the minutes:

"True moral and physical courage and self-abnegation being the recognized standard of the American soldier, it was no surprise to the Yellow Fever National Relief Commission to learn that Lieut. Hiram H. Benner, 18th Infantry, U. S. A., had volunteered to leave his family and comrades in arms to take command of the relief boat of this commission on its mission of mercy down the Mississippi River, to relieve the fever-stricken people of that section of our afflicted country. Having completed his self-imposed task in a manner every way creditable, the Commission are now pained to learn that the unerring arrow of death, sped on by the relentless pestilence whose ravages he had done so much to alleviate, intercepted his homeward path; and while it has left his bodily remains interred among strangers, the memory of his humanity, bravery, and friendship is embalmed in the hearts of his countrymen everywhere, and adds another star to the escutcheon of the glorious army of the Republic."

Earnest expressions of regret and sympathy—regret at the untimely death of a generous man who lost his life in the service of suffering humanity, and sympathy with his bereaved famity—appeared in the press of all sections of the country, and measures were zealously adopted in the cities and large towns for the creation of a handsome fund for the provision of Lieut. Benner's wife and children. The chivalry that exists in a generous act, the heroism of self-abnegation, never fails to arouse enthusiasm in the hearts of a people, more than ever when attainment of success involves a fatal sacrifice. Lieut. Benner was a young man, an officer of assured position, a man of family obligations; but a keen appreciation of the unparalleled distress, the awful and death-dealing scourge so rapidly decimating the inhabitants of so large and so beautiful a section of the country, prompted him to a ready of his services.

An act of personal kindness to a woman in trouble brought upon him, by one fiery breath of the fever to whose victims he

minister of relief. Vicksburg paid Lieut. Benner all honors in a funeral the most imposing, and, while all business was suspended and the city draped in mourning, the populace followed his body to its grave in the National Cemetery. The *Chambers*, by order of the chairman of the Committee and the Secretary of War, returned to St. Louis, in charge of Lieut. Hall and Dr. Keyes, aided by acclimated pilots, leaving Capt. Yore sick of the fever in Vicksburg, where, near Lieut. Benner, the watchman Joseph Dalton, who died of fever also, was buried.

Business of the 18th also included appropriation made of $200 for the relief of the suffering at Jackson, Miss., and $150 were sent to Martin, Tenn.

On the 18th the sum of $300 was appropriated from the fund for the widow of Lieut. Benner. Two hundred dollars were devoted to the relief of the sick at Holly Springs, together with all the clothing and provisions then on hand. Fifty dollars were sent to the relief of Friar's Point, Miss.

The Committee on the 21st suggested the appropriation of $800 out of the funds held by Secretary Evarts to the relief of Jackson, Miss., and Dr. Woodworth received from the relief committee of Brooklyn, N. Y., a check for $500, to be disposed of at discretion. Brooklyn reported $2,000 sent to afflicted cities. Dr. Woodworth appointed Col. Hardee, of New Orleans, sanitary engineer on the Investigating Commission.

Appeals for assistance reaching the Committee in urgent frequency, the treasurer referred a statement thereof to the Secretary of State, with recommendations of the use of funds left in his hands for relief asked.

On the 24th Secretary Evarts informed the Committee that he had forwarded $500 to Chattanooga, in accordance with suggestion.

A hundred dollars were forwarded to Florence, Ala.; $25 were expended in supplies for Brownsville, Texas. Mr. Riggs, treasurer of the Medical Investigation fund, reported an additional subscription of $500 from Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, and small sums received from other sources.

The 25th brought no abatement of sickness, nor of necessities to be supplied, notwithstanding the check of the frost.

The Brooklyn committee sent a check to Dr. Woodworth for $300, and reported $200 sent to Mrs. Benner; also, $1,000 sent to New Orleans for distribution in Algiers and Baton Rouge; $1,000 sent to Y. M. C. A. in New Orleans; and $250 to the Howard Association, at Memphis, for the benefit of Water-Valley, Miss.

The relief committee of Bay St. Louis acknowledged $200 drawn from the Commission.

On the 26th the Brooklyn committee forwarded $500 to be distributed at discretion of Dr. Woodworth. The net proceeds of the concert given for the benefit of the fever victims were estimated at $425.40. Appeals came in on the 28th from Handsboro, Miss., for $500, for sick and destitute.

Pittsburg reported $100 sent to the Benner fund. Fifty dollars were contributed to the same from Oil City.

Dr. Woodworth reported having devoted Brooklyn's contribution of $500 to the uses of the Medical Investigating Commission.

The Secretary of State forwarded to Hon. Casey Young, at Memphis, $1,000. On the 29th the Committee met at Johnson's banking-house, and authorized the payment of a draft of W. H. Bliss, St. Louis, for $2,300, the balance of expenses in fitting out the supply boat.

Secretary Evarts reported $502 received from the United States Consul at St. Gallen, Switzerland, a sum contributed at that place for the benefit of the fever sufferers. Two hundred dollars were sent, by direction, to Jackson, Miss.

The Department of State, on the 30th, reported as received from the American Minister at Paris a list of subscriptions in behalf of the fever victims, amounting to the sum of 16,000 francs.

All supplies of food, clothing, and hospital stores on hand were ordered to be forwarded to Greenville, Miss.

On the 31st Dr. Woodworth reported to the Committee a check from Brooklyn committee for $500, to be expended for the sufferers discovered by the officers of the *Chambers* on its route. The sum of $79.37 was received by the Commission from the members of the Signal Corps. The Howard Association of Memphis acknowledged $30 cash and $60.12 in provisions, donated by citizens of Hyattsville and Bladensburg.

By recommendation of the Commission, on the 1st of November the Secretary of State sent to Mississippi City, Miss., for relief of Handsboro, the sum of $500, and to Greenville, Miss., $300, from the contributions to the foreign fund.

The Executive Committee, on the 9th, met, receiving letters of acknowledgment of aid from Chattanooga, Ocean Springs, Hernando, New Orleans, and Memphis. The treasurer reported $200 sent to Meridian, Miss. Propositions were made by Mr. Solomons concerning a Memorial Orphan Asylum for the hundreds of helpless children cast destitute and unsheltered upon the world by the effects of the plague.

Contributions for the family of Lieut. Benner were reported: $50 from Milwaukee; from Pittsburg, $100; from the firm of Dilworth, Porter & Co., Pittsburg, $93.25; Chicago's relief committee reported $700 held in trust by them for the Benner family, the interest to be applied to their support.

The secretary was directed to forward all supplies on hand to Greenville, Miss., and to close the Committee's rooms at 914 Pennsylvania avenue.

The Secretary of the Navy reported as received on the 7th the sum of $80.18, by draft from the officers and crew of the U. S. steamer *Supply*, stationed at Havre, France.

At a meeting of the Commission held at Johnson's Bank, a letter was read from the mayor of Baltimore, reporting $350 sent to General Augur for the Benner family; also a letter from the San Francisco relief committee, stating that said committee had forwarded to New York, for the same family, $1,000. A letter was also rec[illegible] from the secretary of the New York Chamber of Commerce [illegible] .000 (nine thousand dollars) devoted to the Benner fund by [illegible]

The treasurer of the Executive Committee was di[illegible] to General Augur, for the benefit of Mrs. Benner,

him as contributed for her. Secretary Thompson, by letter, reported to the Commission his reception of the sum of $360, in two drafts, contributed to the fever sufferers by the officers and seamen of the U. S. Navy. He also asked direction as to the best application of the sum.

An appropriation of $100 was made for the relief of the family of J. M. Dalton, one of the crew of the relief boat *Chambers*, who contracted the fever while at Vicksburg, Miss., and died there.

Directions were given for the appointment of a committee of three to audit and examine the accounts of the treasurer of the Commission and report.

The public at the present time can scarcely estimate the degree of obligation under which, in the future, they will have been placed to the philanthropic liberality of Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson by the results of the investigation of the Scientific Committee, whose expenses were chiefly paid by the large sum donated by her. This committee—consisting of S. M. Bemiss, M. D., of New Orleans; Jerome Cochran, M. D., of Mobile; Prof. Lloyd Howard, M. D., of Baltimore; and Col. T. S. Hardee, sanitary engineer—have made a report, with maps, &c., of the progress and peculiarities of the yellow fever from its inception to its suppression.

On the 18th and 21st of December communications were received from the Hon. Casey Young, of Memphis, Tennessee, referring to the great suffering and distress among the poorer classes of people in the districts adjacent to Memphis who were left destitute by the death of relatives and friends, and soliciting the aid of the Commission in relieving their wants. An appropriation of $500 was made and forwarded to Col. Young.

The secretary was instructed to present bills to Congress for the extension of pension to the widow of Lieut. H. H. Benner and to the widow of Gen. N. Barber, volunteer nurse.

Upon the recommendation of Hon. Arthur MacArthur, $500 was appropriated to the Labor Exchange for the purpose of manufacturing articles of wearing apparel for women and children, the material to be furnished at wholesale cost, and the clothing made to be forwarded to the orphans and women rendered helpless through the epidemic. The report appears under the heading "Supplies Forwarded."

Much credit is due to the ladies composing the Southern Relief Association of Georgetown for their laudable efforts in collecting funds and in manufacturing garments for the sufferers. They organized a sewing circle, and contributed their time and labor to this worthy object, for-
varding a large supply of wearing apparel to the orphans at New
ans, La., Fort Gibson, Vicksburg, Jackson, Natchez, and Newtown,
Their report appears under the heading "Supplies Forwarded."
the month of December a meeting of the Commission was
d's Hotel, to take action relative to the suggestion pre-
r meeting by Mr. A. S. Solomons, contemplating the
n asylum for those who lost their parents and
pidemic. Besides the members of the Executive
resent Hon. O. R. Singleton, Hon. V. H. Man-
ll, and Col. W. H. McCardle, of Mississippi;

Gen. LeDuc, of the Agricultural Department; H. T. Crosby, Esq., of the War Department, and B. L. Blackford. The subject was thoroughly discussed, and Mr. Solomons stated that the general plan was to make an application to the various organizations in the North, East, and West interested in the relief of the yellow-fever sufferers, boards of trade and various other organizations, to ask for any undisbursed funds that they may have on hand, and to place the same in the hands of the United States Treasurer until the passage of a special act of Congress to carry out the same; and it was proposed that a committee be appointed, composed of Dr. Bemis, Dr. Woodworth, Solicitor-General Phillips, and other gentlemen, to prepare an act granting special powers to the proposed institution.

The plan presented met with the indorsement of the gentlemen present, and it was resolved to urge upon Congress the legislation needed.

At a later meeting a committee was appointed, consisting of A. S. Solomons, Esq., Hon. Casey Young, Hon. O. R. Singleton, Hon. V. H. Manning, and the Rev. C. K. Marshall, who have prepared a bill in accordance with a plan suggested to create an asylum commission; and this philanthropic measure will be urged before the present Congress.

On the 20th of December a meeting of Southern Senators and Representatives was held at the Capitol, in pursuance of a call, to give expression to the feeling of gratitude entertained by the Southern people toward their fellow-countrymen.

Upon motion Senator Eustis was called to the chair, and H. D. Money made secretary. The chairman, in a brief but eloquent and feeling speech, explained the object of the meeting. A committee on resolutions was appointed, composed of the following gentlemen: Hon. E. John Ellis, of Louisiana; Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi; Hon. I. G. Harris, of Tennessee; Hon. A. H. Garland, of Arkansas; Hon. Van. H. Manning, of Mississippi; Hon. Jordan E. Cravens, of Arkansas, and Hon. John Goode, Jr., of Virginia, who reported the following resolutions, which, after harmonious discussion by the chairman and members of the committee, were unanimously adopted, as expressive not only of the feelings of the meeting, but of the whole Southern people.

The following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, During the summer and autumn months of the present year the cities of New Orleans, Memphis, and Vicksburg, together with more than thirty smaller towns and villages in the Southern States, were scourged by that dreadful pestilence, the yellow fever, by reason of which more than 100,000 persons were sick, upwards of 30,000 persons died, and business of every kind was paralyzed, and communities numbering in the aggregate more than half a million of souls were plunged into the profoundest gloom and despair, and want and wretchedness brooded above the land; and whereas when the cry of distress from our stricken people reached the ears of our brethren and countrymen of our sister States, a great, generous, and speedy charity ground out its hundreds of thousands of money and material aid of every kind; and whereas numbers of physicians and nurses from other States, though unacclimated and liable to the grasp of the dread pestilence, with a heroism and spirit of self-sacrifice that should render theirs of the "immortal nam are deathless in the annals of our race, came to the cities and towns where lence "walked in darkness and wasted at noonday," to succor, to cheer, many of whom fell martyrs in the cause of stricken humanity; and w aid thus rendered preserved thousands of lives, saved thousands from the pains of cold and hunger, ministered to and solaced the dying hours of

who fell victims to the plague, and wove into the web of the gloom and despair of those supreme hours of suffering and sorrow a thread of Heaven's once blessed radiance; and whereas this noble outburst of love and charity, unparalleled in the world's history for its extent and spontaniety, merits our warmest gratitude and most lasting remembrance, therefore, by the Senators and Representatives in Congress from the Southern States and districts that were scourged by the plague, be it

Resolved, That on our own, as well as on behalf of the people whom we represent, we tender to the volunteer nurses and physicians who so bravely and heroically gave their services to our stricken people our earnest and heartfelt thanks. To those of them who survive, the hearts of ourselves and of our people are pledged forever in love and gratitude; while the memories of those devoted men and women who died in our behalf will forever be cherished with the warmest emotions of affectionate gratitude. Above their graves should be written in divine language, "Greater love than this hath no man than that he will give his life for another."

Resolved, That to the people of our sister States of the South we tender our grateful acknowledgments for the timely and generous aid which our people received at their hands. We have loved them, and stood with them in joy, in sorrow, and misfortune, but their generous thought for us in the hour of our calamity has rendered them nearer and dearer to us than ever before.

Resolved, That to the generous and great-hearted men and women of our sister States of the North, whose munificent and boundless charity was so freely and bountifully bestowed upon our stricken people, we tender our heartfelt thanks. Forgetful of the fact that war had once divided us from them, no longer mindful of the differences and bitterness of the unhappy past, their greats hearts flowed out to us in healing and living streams of brothrely affection and charity; and if in unhappy war they thought it their duty to smite us with the arm of power, yet in peace they sought us in affliction, and the hand that was able to smite became the hand of the gentle, the loving, the merciful.

Resolved, That the great and munificent charity manifested toward us and our people by our brethren of the Northern States of the Union has not only healed the sick, fed the hungry, clothed the naked, solaced the dying, gave hope and comfort to the widow and the orphan and buried the dead: it has accomplished a work far higher and more important. It has healed the wounds of war; it has served to permit us to see our brethren of the American Union as they really are; it has bound our hearts to theirs; it has cemented anew the bonds between them and us; it has renewed the aspirations of all of our people toward the idea of an American Union based upon affection. To-day, far above the victorious flag of Appomatox floats the banner of love and charity. Better, brighter, and far more enduring are the victories of love and mercy than those of war, conquest, and subjugation; and now, with the shadows and the sorrows of our chastisements upon us, and with hearts all full to overflowing with the memories of the good and kindly deeds of our brethren of the Northern States, done to our people in the hours when they stood face to face with the awful pestilence, we ask our brethren of the North to believe, and to trust us while we pledge to them the undying fealty of our hearts to the Constitution of our common country, and the perpetual Union of the States thereunder—not alone the physical, geographical, and political Union, but a union of affection, of brotherhood, inspired by the idea of a common origin and a common destiny, ratified by the covenant of our fathers, and now cemented forever by their love and their charity to us and our people.

Appropriate and eloquent speeches were made by Hon. John Goode, Jr., Hon. Jordan Cravens, Hon. Van H. Manning, and Hon. Casey Young, after which the meeting adjourned.

On the 12th of March, 1879, the death of Dr. John M. Woodworth was announced. His death, though not unexpected, was sudden, and announcement was received with surprise and sorrow by a very circle of eminent gentlemen, by whom he was known and hon-

'n commenting upon his services to the country, paid high orts in the cause of science, and said:

est effort, and the one which probably shortened his life, was the establishment of the National Board of Health, the Congress, and which, had he lived, Dr. Woodworth

would have contributed largely in making effective. His labors with the National Yellow Fever Relief Commission of this city, last summer, are known throughout the country, and his colleagues of that body can bear willing and cheerful testimony to the zeal and earnestness with which he co-operated with them in their self-imposed duties. He it was who suggested and, aided by the philanthropic Mrs. Eliza Thompson and subscriptions from the North and West, organized the commission which went South after the epidemic to inquire into the causes and prevention of yellow fever. This was subsequently incorporated into a similar commission, of which Dr. Woodworth was president, and which subsequently made the valuable and exhaustive report on the subject, which was probably the last work of any magnitude done by him. Young in years, but old in experience and well-doing, he leaves a name and a fame as a public benefactor which will last for ages."

A special meeting of the Executive Committee was held at Willard's Hotel to take action relative to the death of Supervising Surgeon-General Woodworth.

Ex-Governor Shepherd announced the object for which the meeting was called, and referred to the valuable services of the deceased as a member of the Commission.

Simon Wolf, Esq., presented the following resolutions, which were adopted:

The Yellow Fever National Relief Commission having learned with profound regret of the sudden death of their distinguished colleague, John M. Woodworth, and being desirous to fittingly express its sorrow, resolves, that

Whereas John M. Woodworth, Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, and a member of this Commission, has been taken from our midst, and

Whereas we, the members of the Commission, desiring to honor his great work, integrity, and nobility of character and devotion to duty, therefore

Resolved, That in the death of John M. Woodworth science has lost an eminent disciple, humanity an earnest laborer, and the United States Government an active, indefatigable, and zealous official.

Resolved, That as an associate he was gentlemanly, courteous, self-sacrificing, and gave the fullest measure of his ability and influence to the success of the aims and objects of this Commission, and that he fell a soldier in the sacred cause of humanity, his large heart and brain being enlisted in the promotion of such legislation as would nationalize sanitary science, and prevent the introduction and spread of contagious diseases.

Resolved, That we tender to his widow our profound sympathy and respect, and that the name and memory of John M. Woodworth will ever be held in high esteem as a benefactor of his race.

Resolved, That this Commission attend his funeral in a body, and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to his bereaved family and published in the daily papers of this city.

Colonel McArdle, of Mississippi, delivered a beautiful and eloquent tribute to the memory of the deceased, and, as a representative of the section stricken by the pestilence last summer, related in detail the philanthropic and noble services rendered by Dr. Woodworth to aid his people, who would mourn in sadness the death of their stranger benefactor. The Rev. C. K. Marshall also spoke in fitting terms of the deceased.

From the official statistics compiled in the office of Surgeon-General Woodworth, of the Marine Hospital Service of the United States, the total number of cases of fever reported were 64,403; number of deaths, 13,536. The following tables give the total cases and mortality by towns and States:

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans	25,000 cas	aths.
Baton Rouge	2,415	
Morgan City	583	
Plaquemine	1,159	
At other points	800	
	29,957	

MISSISSIPPI.

Bay St. Louis	355 cases.	78 deaths.
Canton	1,000 "	176 "
Greenville	903 "	301 "
Grenada	1,040 "	325 "
Holly Springs	1,239 "	304 "
Jackson	450 "	80 "
Lake	300 "	86 "
Meridian	400 "	80 "
Osyka	227 "	30 "
Port Gibson	620 "	115 "
Surrounding country	600 "	150 "
Vicksburg	3,072 "	1,024 "
Surrounding country	1,000 "	300 "
Water Valley	200 "	60 "
Biloxi	300 "	40 "
At other points	1,500 "	550 "
	13,386	3,699

TENNESSEE.

Brownsville	747 cases.	212 deaths.
Chattanooga	683 "	162 "
Memphis	15,000 "	3,500 "
Grand Junction	185 "	74 "
At other points	500 "	140 "
	17,315	4,088

KENTUCKY.

Hickman	250 cases.	119 deaths.
Louisville	132 "	64 "
Isolated cases at other points	382 "	183 "
	764	366

ALABAMA.

Mobile	300 cases.	80 deaths.
Florence	138 "	50 "
Decatur	192 "	44 "
	630	172

ILLINOIS.

Cairo	100 cases.	53 deaths.

OHIO.

Gallipolis and vicinity, where the infection is supposed to have been carried by steamer *John D. Porter*	95 cases.	40 deaths.

FLORIDA.

Key West	37 cases.	17 deaths.

ases were mainly brought on vessels from Havana.

MISSOURI.

s	31 cases.	16 deaths.
antine, refugees from infected points	88 "	42 "
	119	58

† probably falls considerably below the actual number

a

report, the Executive Committee desire to tender
to the officers of the various departments of the

United States Government for their earnest co-operation in all measures of relief inaugurated; to Lieut. C. S. Hall, 13th Infantry, U. S. A., for his undaunted courage, and for the faithful and efficient discharge of duty assigned him; to the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, the Virginia Midland Railroad, and to Adams Express Company, for the free transportation of supplies; to the Western Union Telegraph Company, for its liberality in the transmission of all communications to and from the infected districts free of cost; to the press, for its aid and encouragement, and the important services rendered by promoting the success of the work of the Committee; and, finally, to the people of the District of Columbia, for their liberal contributions of money and supplies, and their hearty and generous co-operation.

WILLIAM DICKSON,
Secretary.

REPORT

OF THE

EXPEDITION FOR THE RELIEF OF YELLOW-FEVER SUFFERERS ON THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, *November* 30, 1878.

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the report of Lieut. Charles S. Hall, Thirteenth United States Infantry, who accompanied the expedition down the Mississippi River, in October last, to relieve the sufferers by the yellow fever, and who assumed command of the relief-boat *Chambers* upon the death of its commanding officer, Lieut. Hiram H. Benner, Eighteenth United States Infantry, who fell a victim to that scourge, from which he so nobly endeavored to relieve others.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. W. MCCRARY,
Secretary of War.

Hon. A. R. SHEPHERD,
Chairman Executive Committee National Relief Commission,
Washington, D. C.

REPORT OF THE EXPEDITION FOR THE RELIEF OF THE YELLOW-FEVER SUFFERERS ON THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the "expedition for the relief of yellow-fever sufferers on the Lower Mississippi," on which expedition I was ordered as assistant to First Lieut. H. H. Benner, Eighteenth Infantry.

In obedience to telegraphic instructions from headquarters Department of the South, Newport Barracks, Ky., September 29 and September 30, 1878, First Lieut. H. H. Benner, Eighteenth Infantry, and I left Atlanta, Ga., on the morning of October 1, 1878, and proceeded directly to Saint Louis, Mo., where we arrived in the evening of Octo- 1878. Lieutenant Benner reported to Gov. A. R. Shepherd, tional Relief Committee, and I reported to Lieutenant Ben- to instructions, upon our arrival at the Lindell Hotel,

M. *Chambers*, a stern-wheel boat of about 300 tons rtered for the occasion, and was being loaded

with stores for distribution, and of which boat and cargo Lieutenant Benner was to take charge as commander, with me as his assistant, the cargo to be distributed according to printed instructions given Lieutenant Benner by Governor Shepherd, a copy of which is inclosed.

While awaiting the completion of the loading of the boat a telegram was received by Lieutenant Benner from Brig. Gen. Augur, commanding Department of the South, to the effect that there was an apprehension of an attack being made on the boat, by lawless mobs, for the purpose of securing the stores, and directing him to take precautions against the possibility of such an occurrence. Lieutenant Benner received 20 carbines and 2,000 rounds of ammunition from General Grover, at the arsenal below Saint Louis, with which to arm the crew, and the boat having been loaded, she started down the river at 11 o'clock A. M., October 4, 1878.

The party was composed as follows: First Lieut. H. H. Benner, Eighteenth Infantry, commanding; Second Lieut. Charles S. Hall, Thirteenth Infantry, assistant; H. M. Keys, A. S. U. S. M. H. S., surgeon in charge; Henry L. Kessler, druggist; Vincent M. Yore, master of steamer; a representative of the Chicago Relief Committee and correspondent of a Chicago newspaper; a correspondent of Saint Louis papers, and a boat's crew embracing 33 men, and one chambermaid; making in all 41 souls on board.

The cargo for distribution was made up as per accompanying inventory (marked A).

The steamer proceeded on down the river 80 miles to Chester, Ill., at which point we arrived at 7.30 P. M. Stopped here to fix the wheel and rudder, and concluded to remain all night on account of the uncertainty and danger of running that portion of the river by night.

The remainder of this report will be given as I take it from "logs" kept by Lieutenant Benner and myself on the trip, as I think all the incidents and details of the trip can be better shown in that form than otherwise.

October 5.—Left Chester at daybreak. The weather to-day has been chilly, with a cold wind blowing steadily. Our speed has been necessarily slow, on account of the numerous bars in the river. Arrived at Cairo, Ill., at 5.30 P. M., where we tied up to receive donations of flour from the steamer *Whisper*, sent by citizens of Aurorà, Ind., 300 bushels of coal contributed by Halliday Brothers for use of the boat, and contributions from various Sunday schools. The latter, however, was not received, owing to the absence from the city of the gentleman having it in charge. Learned here of sickness at Hickman, Ky., 40 miles below, and concluded to remain all night, so that Hickman might be reached after the sun had risen, a precaution which the surgeon in charge deemed advisable to keep us out of infected districts at night.

October 6.—Left Cairo at 5, and arrived at Hickman at 9.30 A. M. Were met at the wharf-boat by Dr. Luke Blackburn, of [illegible] ky, to whom was transferred a few medical stores. The citize[illegible] in immediate need of other supplies, as they could be r[illegible] from Cairo.

The fever broke out at this point on the 4th of September, and 110 whites and 9 blacks had died to date, 70 of whom were of the principal citizens of the place. No information was to be obtained here as to the condition of points below.

The weather is much warmer and overcoats are shed.

Arrived at New Madrid, Mo., about 1 P. M., where we endeavored to land for information, and to send a message to Memphis. We were warned by the quarantine officer not to land, on account of having touched at Hickman. We could learn of no sickness or destitution above Memphis, so proceeded down the river, stopping at several points during the day and night, at each of which we were told there was no sickness in the vicinity.

October 7.—Arrived at Memphis, Tenn., at 8.45 A. M., and anchored in the stream, while the medical officers were sent ashore in a yawl to send telegrams and confer with the authorities as to their needs. Memphis looks like a grave. The wharves are almost entirely deserted. Occasionally a small dray and a few negroes could be seen, but otherwise it all looked like death. The city looks mournful in the extreme, appears gloomy and desolate, with a funeral pall overhanging it and dread disease lurking in the shadow.

No supplies were needed here, but we received contributions for delivery at Greenville, Miss., and ten tons of mail matter for delivery at points on the river as far down as Vicksburg. This mail had been accumulating at Memphis for some time, and was carefully fumigated with sulphur every night in the Memphis office; but when it came on board we had it disinfected with turpentine. The day is disagreeably warm and is becoming uncomfortable.

Left Memphis at 2.30 P. M. Left mail at Scanlan's at 4 P. M., and there learned of sickness at Horn Lake and Lorenzo, Tenn. Arrived there at 4.30 P. M. In these two towns there had been four cases of fever, with two deaths at Horn Lake and one at Lorenzo. There was no destitution or great suffering.

Stopped at several points to deliver mail, and arrived at Alexis, Miss., at 8.45 P. M., where we concluded to lay all night, as our inquiries could be made better in the day-time, and no points would be passed by, which might be the case did we run at night. No sickness here.

October 8.—Left Alexis at 4 A. M., but was compelled to "lie to" several hours on account of the fog. When the fog rose sufficiently we proceeded down the river. Inquiries at the several landings fail to discover any fever or destitution. The residents along this part of the river do not suffer for want of actual necessities of life, but are somewhat afflicted because no fresh meat can be procured, and the negroes are mostly out of money. As we had no fresh meat on board, nothing uld be done. No mail had been down this river for several weeks he *Chambers* brought it.

ed the mouth of Saint Francis River at 10 A. M. Found some ere, but not yellow fever. Some seven or eight persons had Left here a few bottles of medicine. There seemed is section a great want of quinine.

Arrived at Helena, Ark., about noon. We were not permitted to land, and the persons on the bank refused to receive the mail. We drew out and proceeded down stream four miles to the quarantine station, where we landed the mail and endeavored to elicit information as to the condition of points below, but could learn nothing. No sickness here. The day is excessively hot.

Arrived at Friar's Point, Miss., about 1.30 P. M. This is a small place, and we found the fever prevailing here, but all the patients were then doing well. There was a great scarcity of quinine. We left here ice, lemons, and medicines. During the day we landed at various places to put off the mail, but could learn positively of no fever or destitution except at those places where we discharged supplies. At nearly every landing we learned of "fever below," but on arriving at the designated point found the report was incorrect. As an instance, at Australia, Miss., we were informed that we would find fever at Dennis's Landing, 4 miles below. We went down to Dennis's, rounded to, blew the steam-whistle seven or eight times, and, failing to arouse anybody, continued on our course to Laconia, Ark., some 3 miles below, at which point we arrived at 9.30 P. M. There was no fever here, and we were told there had been none at Dennis's.

Reached Terrence, Miss., the landing for White River, Ark., at 11.50 P. M. Found the fever prevailing here, five deaths having occurred in the family of the postmaster, and the sickness was all confined to this one house. Took on coal, left ice for the sick, and 12 bags of mail. Continued on our course, running all night, and making the necessary mail-landings.

October 9.—Began raining this morning at 4.30, and has continued raining slightly all day. Marked change from yesterday. To-day is cool and damp.

Not allowed to land at Arkansas City, and no fever could be heard of between that point and Greenville, Miss., at which point we arrived at 11.30 A. M. Here we were met by Rev. Stevenson Archer, mayor of the city, who gave information as to the condition of the city and its needs. Greenville was one of the most badly-infected points along the river, and had lost nearly its entire population by death and flight. We discharged here quite a large amount of stores and medicines. Some special contributions were also made to deserving persons, and we left at 5.30 P. M.

Arrived at Refuge, Miss., at 7 P. M. The fever had been very bad here, and there was no physician in the place. There were twenty-two white residents in this settlement, and the disease had been confined to them, eleven of whom had died. The sick were doing well, and we left a supply of ice, as nothing else was needed.

Reached India, La., at 11.15 P. M., where we intended to "lie to" until morning. After tying up we were hailed by some fifteen or twenty armed men on horses, led by a Mr. C. Anderson, who informed us that no boats were allowed to land in that vicinity. They refused to take the mail, and we dropped down the river 2 miles to Bunche's Cut-off Island, where we lay until morning.

October 10.—Started on our course at 5 A. M. Weather cool and pleasant. Arrived at Lake Providence, La., at 8 A. M. It had been reported to us that the fever was raging here, but when we attempted to land were not permitted to do so.

Arrived at Goodrich's Landing, La., at 9.30 A. M. Some sickness here and quite a number of convalescents. Left ice, lemons, and medicines. Pecan Grove, La., at 10.30 A. M. No sickness or destitution here, but we put off 20 barrels of meal, which we had brought down for Mr. George Foster.

Reached Henderson, La., at 11.45 A. M. The fever here was very bad and there was no physician. We left quite a liberal supply of ice, provisions, medicines, coffins, &c. A few supplies were also left here for Alastia, in the interior.

Went across and up the bend 1½ miles to Chotard, Miss., to send telegrams. Were refused a landing at first, but finally got ashore, but could not send the telegrams, as the operator said the lines were down.

Left mails at various points during the day, and arrived at Milliken's Bend, La., at 4 P. M. No sickness here, but considerable destitution in vicinity, and sickness at Tallulah, La., 8 miles back from the river. Transferred to Dr. Yerger a large amount of stores and medicines, and concluded to remain here all night, as we were only 20 miles above Vicksburg, and night overtook us before the stores were unloaded. Dr. Reilly was allowed to go down the river to Vicksburg in the boat's yawl, to remain until we arrived in the morning.

October 11.—Left at daybreak for Vicksburg, which point we reached about 8 A. M. Received here a telegram from secretary of Board of Health of Helena, explanatory of their refusal to let us land. Conferred with Mayor Beck and W. H. Andrews, president of Howard Association, and learned that the fever had about spent its force and was now on the decline. There were no supplies needed here, and an appeal for help having been received from Port Gibson, Miss., we concluded to run down to Grand Gulf, Miss., a point on the river 8 miles from Port Gibson and connected with it by rail, and lend them assistance. Dr. Reilly went ashore to remain until our return, and, after coaling, we left at 11.30 A. M. for Grand Gulf, where we arrived at 3.30 P. M. Met here Mr. Jas. A. Gage, president of Howard Association of Port Gibson, and arranged to furnish stores needed at Port Gibson and Brandywine. While lying here Lieutenant Benner was introduced by Mr. Gage to a Mrs. Leonard, who had come in on the train with Mr. Gage from Port Gibson, where she had been nursing one of her children until its death. She was on her way to Greenville to nurse another stricken with the fever. The inhabitants of the place would not allow her to come into town, and at the railroad landing, half a mile below where we lay, they would not allow her in any house but an old warehouse where our stores were to be placed. Actuated by feelings of humanity, Lieutenant Benner invited the lady on board, gave [illegible]r supper, and allowed her to occupy his bed until the packet, which [illegible] take her to Greenville, arrived. The packet was not due until [illegible]light, and the nights were very chilly.

October 12.—The packet arrived at 5 A. M., when Lieutenant Benner awoke Mrs. Leonard and saw her safely on board. In doing so he stepped into the mud, or, to use his own words, "while passing from one boat to another got badly mired." He returned to the boat and retired to rest in the bed just vacated by Mrs. Leonard. We discharged the remaining stores intended for that point, and at noon started back to Vicksburg to leave the remainder of our stores, to be sent from Vicksburg to destitute places in the interior. We went no farther down the river than Grand Gulf, because we learned at Vicksburg that the points below were supplied from New Orleans.

Arrived at Vicksburg about 7 P. M., and anchored in "the lake," opposite the wharf-boat. Representatives of the Howard Association and Dr. Reilly came on board, and arrangements were made to deliver the remaining stores in the morning.

While lying at anchor here Lieutenant Benner received a communication from G. W. Stith, president of the Peabody (colored) Association, asking aid. (Communication inclosed and marked B.) An appointment was made for an interview on the following morning, and United States District Attorney W. H. Bliss, Saint Louis, Mo., was telegraphed relative to the matter.

October 13.—At daylight another communication was received from other colored people (inclosed and marked C). The transfer of the stores was deferred until 1 P. M., until Mr. Bliss could be heard from, and 12 M. fixed as the hour to meet Mr. Stith on board.

About 7.30 A. M. Lieutenant Benner began complaining of feeling unwell. He was advised by the surgeon to go on shore to the hotel and go to bed, but refused to do so. At 11 A. M., by direction of the surgeon, he went to bed on the boat.

At noon the president and representatives of the Howard Association, Mr. Stith, and other colored gentlemen came on board, and the disposition of the stores was discussed. On being interrogated by me, Mr. Stith stated that he knew of no instance of a colored man having been refused help and attention by the Howard Association upon proper application being made. He also stated that he felt satisfied that any needy or sick colored person would receive assistance if proper application was made to the Howard Association. Just then Dr. Keyes informed me that Lieutenant Benner had a high fever, and as Mr. Bliss had not been heard from, I concluded it was best to turn over the supplies to the Howard Association, with the understanding that they were intended as much for the relief of colored as white people, and get out of the infection as quickly as possible. I had the boat at once taken into the wharf-boat and unloaded, and then moved across and up the river about four miles and tied to the Louisiana shore, to await the result of Lieutenant Benner's attack. Two physicians and a nurse were brought over from the city and nursed him through the night.

October 14.—As Lieutenant Benner's condition was very much worse this morning, I deemed it advisable to move the boat to the Mississippi shore, so as to be in quick communication with the city. As soon as steam could be raised I had the boat moved to side, about three miles below the city, in deep, runni

here all day. Received a communication from the Howard Association proffering aid. Part of the crew became panicky, and I paid off two who desired to be discharged. Upon the surgeon's advice several who wished it went up into the city to sleep. Secured more nurses.

October 15.—Lieutenant Benner's condition improved. Still lying below the city awaiting the result of the sickness. Dalton, the watchman, taken sick and sent to the hospital.

October 16.—No change.

October 17.—Lieutenant Benner died this morning at 2.30. At once notified the Howard Association, who asked to be allowed to bury him. Burned Lieutenant Benner's bedding, and had the boat moved up to the wharf, and ordered the crew on shore while the boat was fumigated. Received orders to proceed up the river. Ordered the crew on board again and made preparations to leave. Lieutenant Benner was buried in the National Cemetery at 4 P. M. Received notification that the pilots would not return, and was unable to procure others.

October 18.—Received notification of the death of the watchman the night previous. Still looking for pilots. Secured two at last and left at 4.30 P. M.

The remainder of the trip was a slow and tedious crawling up the river. The boat was slow, and we were compelled to lay up every night on account of broken engine, fog, bad river, or some other cause, and we reached the quarantine station below Saint Louis about 9 A. M., October 29. The boat was found to be in good sanitary condition, and after discharging our remaining medical stores we proceeded to Saint Louis, arriving there about 1 P. M.

When we left Vicksburg the Howard Association very kindly replaced the articles burned by reason of Lieutenant Benner's death, and furnished us with stores for our trip up the river. They also sent with us three nurses, to be sent back at their expense when the surgeon found their services no longer required. Two of these were sent back from Memphis and the remaining one taken on to Saint Louis. And, also, they gave Lieutenant Benner a magnificent burial (an account of which I clip from a Vicksburg paper and inclose herewith).

At Memphis, one of the pilots, whose papers extended no farther, left us, and, as we were unable to procure another, we had only one pilot from Memphis to Cairo. The Howard Association also furnished us with stores.

On the down trip every precaution was taken to prevent infection of the boat and crew. At Cairo, one hundred yards of bagging were procured and suspended from and around the edge of the boiler-deck and thoroughly saturated with turpentine three times a day. The mail bags were also sprinkled with turpentine three times each day. Chloride of lime was used about the boat in convenient places also. The medical officer was always sent on shore first, and found the prominent and responsible persons with whom we wished to confer, and, this having been done, we held the conference and transacted our business, keeping the idle crowd from coming in contact with any of the crew. When Lieutenant Benner died, his bedding and articles in the room, excepting papers, moneys, &c., which I personally took charge of, were burned,

and chlorine gas evolved in the room to thoroughly fumigate and disinfect it. On the trip up the boat was also fumigated with burning sulphur and alcohol; the hold was thoroughly cleansed, and the whole boat scrubbed from stem to stern. At Cairo, Ill., as we passed down and up, coal was contributed for use of the boat by Messrs. Halliday Brothers.

Accompanying this report is a manifest (marked D) of the stores, showing their distribution.

Lieutenant Benner also received and distributed quite a large amount of money on the trip, a return of which I am unable to make, as he kept those accounts himself and I have not obtained them.

I have in this report entered into all the details and incidents of the expedition, that the War Department might have a full and correct account of it, because of articles having appeared in the public prints which exaggerated the facts and made misrepresentations which induced a belief that Lieutenant Benner had evaded or transcended his orders.

There is in this report no return of the medical stores, because they were under the charge and control of H. M. Keyes, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., who makes a return of them to Surgeon-General Woodworth, U. S. M. H. S.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. S. HALL,
Second Lieutenant Thirteenth Infantry.

The ADJUTANT-GENERAL, U. S. A.,
Washington, D. C.
(Through the Assistant Adjutant-General, Department of the South, Newport Barracks, Ky.)

A.

Inventory of stores taken for distribution.

1,240	shirts.
300	pairs shoes, men's, women's, and children's.
152	tons ice.
240	undershirts.
1,000	pairs drawers.
1,032¼	yards prints.
300	pairs socks.
100	pairs blankets.
5,000	needles.
12	dozen thread.
483½	yards sheeting.
72	comforts.
257¾	yards crash.
500	pairs slippers.
48	pounds Liebig's beef extract.
1,000	bedsacks.
1,000	pillow-ticks.
800	dressing-gowns.
300	unmade coffins.
372	hats.
350	boxes pilot bread.
300	boxes butter crackers.
400	boxes soda crackers.
5	barrels rice.
6	coils rope.
1	barrel molasses.
12	boxes corn starch.
10	dozen canned soup.
2	dozen pipes.
10	dozen brooms.
2	dozen clothes-brushes.
24	boxes lemons.
10	cases canned corn.
20	barrels apples.
60	barrels potatoes.
10	boxes candles.
5	dozen scrubbing-brushes.
5	kegs nails.
2	dozen tin dippers.
20	dozen wooden buckets.
6	dozen tumblers.
4	dozen pitchers.
12	dozen yeast-powder.
1	case snuff.
2⅜	gross spoons.
3	barrels paper bag
1	gross baking-pow

Inventory of stores—Continued.

16	coops chickens.
600	dozen eggs.
102	barrels corn meal.
331	pounds butter.
33	boxes cheese.
6	barrels grits.
1,000	paper bags.
16	boxes tobacco.
5	pails tobacco.
80	bags bacon, C. R.
79	barrels flour.
5	bales straw.
50	barrels onions.
1,000	pounds coffee.
300	pounds tea.
5	barrels sugar.
3	cases matches.
9	sacks salt.
5	cases lard.
36	lemon squeezers.
96	pass books.
24	potato mashers.
27	cases pepper.
6	barrels cranberries.
117	pounds ham (80).
6	sacks dried beef (900 pounds).
5	cases clam chowder.
50	cases mackerel.
10	cases fish balls.
50	boxes macaroni.
1	barrel vinegar.
10	boxes chocolate.
11	cases mustard.
10	cases Boston baked beans.
2	cases cracked wheat.
10	boxes soap.
20	cans condensed milk.
10	cases canned peas.
4	half-barrels pickles.
20	cases canned tomatoes.
20	cases corned beef.
2	boxes clothing.
1	bale clothing.

B

VICKSBURG, *October* 11, 1878.

Lieuts. H. H. BENNER, CHARLES S. HALL, Esq., AND GENTLEMEN OF THE RELIEF MISSION:

I am informed that you, as commanders of the steamer *John M. Chambers*, came to the relief of the poor and destitute people of this and other places. On your arrival to this city was informed that there was no need of any relief here, and that all parties in actual need had been supplied. I am sorry to say that if such is the case that you have been thus informed you have been misinformed. Hundreds of the poor colored people here, sirs, are in a deplorable condition. Some are at work on the public streets and river landings. They are to get one dollar per day and not a cent more, though there be many who are not able to work. I hope no one has designingly misstated our present condition. We are called upon for assistance in various parts of the city and vicinity, but cannot give the required relief, owing to the fact that we have no funds nor provisions on hand.

The Howards have closed their ration depot against us, and unless some aid is otherwise given us we cannot give the necessary relief to our people.

The Howard Association has hired a great many of those able to work and are repairing the streets of the city and river landings, for which they are to receive one dollar per day as aforesaid, but there are hundreds who cannot work on account of being just up from the fever.

I hope that you will give us some aid, as many are in actual need of it. They come to us for aid, but we have nothing to aid them.

The suffering in the county outside of the city is fearful. In some cases the colored people die without ever having any medical attention

whatever, and numbers have not bread in their houses. And if you will send a committee with me through the different parts of the city and county you will find things just as I have told you, only a little worse.

Hoping that my appeal in behalf of the suffering poor will not be in vain,

I am your obedient servant,

GEORGE W. STITH,
President Peabody Sub. Association of Vicksburg.

HELP! HELP! HELP!

To the people of the United States of every class, and especially to the colored people:

The Peabody Association of Vicksburg, Miss., appeals to the generosity of the American people of every State and Territory, of every city, town, and village, to aid them promptly, liberally, and generally in their effort to relieve hundreds of men, women, and children who are in actual need of the very commonest necessaries of life.

All avenues of business are entirely or nearly closed, and hundreds of men and women who once made ample support for themselves and families—yes, industrious and hard-working men and women, having no possible way of earning a livelihood—must soon be forced to meet starvation. They cannot go to the country to pick cotton, or to do any other kind of work, as the yellow fever has invaded the country, and taken up its abode right in the very cotton-field of the farmer. We have nowhere to go, and hundreds of our people have not even bread to eat.

Yellow fever is like war: it closes up every avenue of business, paralyzes every industry, and leaves in its track devastation and hundreds in absolute want and misery. Then help us, in God's name, at once, or starvation will be the unwelcome visitor of hundreds of our people here.

We ask not for such as you eat and enjoy, but for the very commonest necessaries of daily life.

The Howard Association is fulfilling its noble mission far and wide, for which they have the plaudits of the Christian world.

It is true that the fever is abating, but then we know that it will leave in its place that which is worse—famine, with all its ghastly horrors, with hundreds of widows and orphans entirely dependent. Already, in many families in our community, helpless children reach out their hands for bread, but their mothers have none to give.

While there remains bread in this goodly land, shall we die of starvation? Then cast your bread upon the waters, and it will return to you after many days.

N. B.—All money sent will be addressed to the treasurer, Thomas M. Broadwaters, and all other donations will be sent to the president, George W. Stith, of the Peabody Association of Vicksb

GEORGE V

WILLIE H. RODGERS,
Secretary Peabody Association.

C.

VICKSBURG, MISS., *October* 12, 1878.

At a meeting of the colored male sex of the third ward of Vicksburg, Miss., do hereby certify that the statement made to you on yesterday was a report of false, for we have found in our midst families and widows now in a destitute condition for food. Most every house in our ward have been visited by this terrible epidemic, and many families are in a destitute condition. The following names do certify that we are in a destitute condition and not able to work, as the sickness has been so great in our midst. The following names do certify this to be facts, and we do ask you for God's sake to give us relief.

Rev. Elder Thos. Knapper.	H. Johnson.	T. Creecy.
J. Lumler.	J. B. Burrell.	R. Turbin.
E. Brankins.	D. Spain.	M. H. Johnson.
C. Lowe.	H. Fletcher.	I. James.
B. Clifton.	W. Mitchell.	J. Hankins.
H. Wiggins.	L. Plumer.	J. Hunt.
T. Brown.	S. James.	A. James.
A. Willis.	Geo. Thomas.	B. J. Brown.
L. Simpson.	S. Adams.	J. L. Lowe.
E. Moody.	W. Fairow.	A. Perry.
D. Bell.	T. Jefferson.	J. B. Brooks.
J. Adams.	C. Bias.	J. B. Benson.
I. Johnson.	G. Brown.	B. Bell.

We, many sufferers of this ward, and hundreds of others if necessary, do certify this to be a fact.

ALLEN CHANDLER, *President.*
CHAS. L. HURD, *Secretary.*

P. S.—Answer in regards of our relief.

A. CHANDLER, *President.*

D.

October 8, 1878.—*Friar's Point, Miss., T. S. Aderbolt, mayor.*

1023 pounds ice. | 1 box lemons.

October 8, 1878.—*Terne, Miss., W. U. Ezell.*

250 pounds ice.

October 9, 1878.—*Greenville, Miss., Stevenson Archer.*

5 cases corned beef.	10 barrels potatoes.
3 cases canned tomatoes.	5 barrels apples.
½ barrel pickles.	68 pounds butter.
5 cases condensed milk.	5 cases eggs.
3 boxes lemons.	6 coops chickens.
1 barrel rice.	25 pair blankets.

October 9, 1878.—Continued.

2 cases lard.
1 case matches.
1 barrel sugar.
20 pounds tea.
200 pounds coffee.
3 barrels onions.
24 barrels flour.
3 boxes soap.
1 case cracked wheat.
10 cases mackerel.
17 cases ham.
1 box candles.
300 shirts.
100 pair shoes.
96 pair socks.
96 undershirts.
200 pairs drawers.
179 yards sheeting.
24 comforts.
200 bedsacks.
200 pillow-ticks.
102 dressing-gowns.
10 tons ice.

October 9, 1878.—*Greenville, Miss., J. D. Shute.*

100 lemons.
1 barrel apples.
4 packages yeast-powders.
½ barrel cranberries.
2 hams.
1 dozen cans tomatoes.
1 dozen cans corn.
1 box macaroni.
2 boxes mustard.
5 pounds tea.
1 barrel potatoes.
1 coop chickens.

October 9, 1878.—*Greenville, Miss., S. O. Shorey.*

1 barrel potatoes.
2 pounds tea.
10 pounds coffee.

October 10, 1878.—*Goodrich's Landing, La., Samuel Mark.*

½ box lemons.
400 pounds ice.

October 10, 1878.—*Pecan Grove, La., J. P. Alexander.*

20 barrels corn meal.

October 10, 1878.—*Henderson, La., Joseph Hornthal.*

2 tons ice.
198 yards calico.
12 pounds extract beef.
10 boxes army crackers.
10 boxes butter crackers.
10 boxes soda crackers.
2 coops chickens.
2 cases eggs.
15 barrels corn meal.
5 barrels potatoes.
1 box yeast-powder.
½ barrel cranberries.
17 hams.
5 cases mackerel.
5 boxes macaroni.
3 boxes mustard.
1 box cracked wheat.
2 boxes soap.
1 bale straw.
3 boxes cheese.
1 barrel grits.
2 boxes tobacco.
1 pail tobacco.
5 bags bacon.
3 barrels flour.
3 barrels onions.
100 pounds coffee.
1 barrel sugar.
1 barrel rice.
2 dozen canned soup.
1 box pipes.
2 boxes lemons.
½ barrel pickles.
2 boxes corned beef.
30 coffins.
1 keg nails.
1 cask ice for Alsatia
1 box lemons for A

October 10, 1878.—*Milliken's Bend, La., William P. Yerger.*

1 ton ice.
50 shirts.
50 pairs shoes.
48 undershirts.
50 pairs drawers.
225½ yards print.
48 pairs socks.
25 pairs blankets.
1 M needles.
8 dozen thread.
89 yards sheeting.
12 comforts.
50 yards crash.
50 pair slippers.
50 bedsacks.
50 pillow-ticks.
30 dressing-gowns.
28 hats.
10 boxes pilot bread.
10 boxes butter crackers.
10 boxes soda crackers.
5 barrels meal.
5 barrels potatoes.
4 hams.
1 sack dried beef.
2 boxes cheese.
1 box tobacco.
2 bags bacon.
2 barrels flour.
2 barrels onions.
5 bags coffee, 10 pounds each.
20 bags tea, ½ pound each.
1 sack salt.
1 case corn.
1 case peas.
1 case tomatoes.
1 case corned beef
1 box lemons.

October 12, 1878.—*Port Gibson, det'd at Grand Gulf. Jas. A. Gage, president Howard Association.*

12 tons ice.
4 bales straw.
200 shirts.
100 pair shoes.
96 undershirts.
200 pairs drawers.
495 yards prints.
108 pairs socks.
50 pairs blankets.
1 M needles.
23 dozen thread.
225 yards sheeting.
3 dozen comforts.
150 yards crash.
200 pairs slippers.
36 pounds beef extract.
530 bedsacks.
500 pillow-ticks.
500 dressing-gowns.
102 hats.
275 boxes crackers.
5 coops chickens.
7 cases eggs.
1 barrel rice.
3 coils rope.
4 boxes soap.
6 boxes lemons.
2 boxes clothing.
1 bundle clothing.
100 coffins.
20 boxes macaroni.
1 barrel vinegar.
5 boxes chocolate.
4 cases mustard.
5 cases beans.
[illegible] boxes soap.
[illegible]es cheese.
[illegible] grits.
[illegible]eco.
[illegible]ds each.
25 barrels meal.
5 tubs butter.
15 barrels potatoes.
10 barrels apples.
5 boxes candles.
2 dozen scrubbing-brushes.
2 kegs nails.
4 cheese-knives.
1 dozen dippers.
8 dozen buckets.
2 dozen tumblers.
2 dozen pitchers.
8 dozen yeast-powders.
1 case snuff.
1 gross baking-powders.
6 cases black pepper.
4 cases red pepper.
2 barrels cranberries.
1 tierce hams.
2 bags dried beef.
2 cases clam chowder.
20 cases mackerel.
4 cases fish-balls.
24 cases macaroni.
100 bags tea, ½ pound each.
3 barrels sugar.
2 cases matches.
3 cases lard.
2 dozen pass-books.
2 potato-mashers.
1 barrel molasses.
2 boxes corn starch.
2 dozen brooms.
18 clothes-brushes.
4 cases peas.
½ barrel pickles.
4 cases corn.
10 cases milk.
5 cases tomatoes.
6 cases corned beef.
1 case apples.
3 sacks salt.
1 dozen lemon-squeezers.
2 dozen lead-pencils.

October 13, 1878.—*Vicksburg, Miss., W. H. Andrews, president Howard Association.*

4	barrels apples.
9	cases apples.
220	bedsacks.
3	tubs butter.
53	bags bacon.
3	bags dried beef.
6	cases corned beef.
8	dozen brooms.
12	dozen buckets.
5	cases B. B. beans.
57⅓	yards crash.
165	coffins.
715	boxes crackers.
4	coops chickens.
4	boxes candles.
8	boxes cheese.
44	bags coffee, 10 pounds each.
3	barrels cranberries.
10	boxes corn starch.
6	clothes-brushes.
3	cases clam chowder.
5	cases chocolate.
4	cases corn.
2	cheese-knives.
550	pairs drawers.
168	dressing-gowns.
1	dozen dippers.
4	cases eggs.
30	barrels flour.
6	cases fish-balls.
4	barrels grits.
242	hats.
	Ice.
9	boxes lemons.
57	barrels meal.
15	cases mackerel.
4	cases mustard.
5	cases milk.
3	M needles.
2	kegs nails.
57	barrels onions.
5	cases oil.
113½	yards prints.
250	pillow-ticks.
23	barrels potatoes.
1	M paper bags.
1	case pipes.
2	dozen pitchers.
3	barrels P. board.
11	cases black pepper.
6	cases red pepper.
5	cases peas.
2	barrels rice.
5	cases potted hams.
2	coils rope.
450	shirts.
240	overshirts.
48	pairs socks.
250	pairs slippers.
1	box soap.
5	sacks salt.
3	dozen scrubbing-brushes.
32	dozen spoons.
19	dozen thread.
48	tumblers.
10	cases tomatoes.
8	boxes tobacco.
3	pails tobacco.
163	pounds tea, ½-pound bags.
2	cases matches.
6	dozen pass-books.
50	pairs shoes.

ANOTHER MARTYR GONE.—THE MORTAL REMAINS OF LIEUT. H. H. BENNER CONSIGNED TO THE TOMB, AMID THE TEARS OF A GRATEFUL PEOPLE.—THE CITY DRAPED IN MOURNING OUT OF RESPECT TO THE MEMORY OF THE DEAD HERO.

At an early hour yesterday morning the painful intelligence was brought to the city that Lieut. H. H. Benner, the senior officer in charge of the United States relief steamer *John M. Chambers*, was dead. The result was not wholly unexpected, as his condition on Wednesday was critical in the extreme; but partly prepared as our citizens were, the sad announcement caused a wail of anguish and sorrow to well up from every heart in this sorely-afflicted city. But a few short weeks ago the noble hero left home and friends, and volunteered to take command of a steamer freighted with food and medicines for our fever-stricken and suffering Southland. In manhood's prime, full of h[illegible] exalted aspirations, he came to extend to us his aid and symp[illegible] alas! contrary to the prayers of thousands of hearts, God c[illegible] obedience to the command, as he ever was to the call of

ity on earth, he has gone hence. He has fallen a martyr in his efforts to relieve suffering humanity, and has raised a monument in the memory and hearts of the South that time can never darken or efface. Flags were at half-mast, and both residences and business houses were draped in mourning in attestation of the sincere and poignant sorrow felt at the death of one so good and true.

At twelve o'clock the remains, escorted by the Howard Association and ex-Confederate and Federal soldiers, were conveyed to Genella's Hall, where they remained in state until the hour for the funeral. The hall was thronged with visitors, both white and black, male and female, throughout the evening, who came to pay their last sad tribute to the departed.

As the hour approached for the funeral, business was entirely suspended, and every vehicle that could be used was brought into requisition by those eager to show their appreciation and sorrow at the death of the true soldier. And notwithstanding the fact that our city has been stricken to the heart by the dread disease still lingering in our midst, many ladies attended the obsequies clothed in black—fit emblems of the sorrowful and bleeding hearts in their bosoms. After a brief ceremony over the remains at the hall, conducted by the Rev. Bishop Adams, Church of the Holy Trinity, Rev. Dr. H. Sansom, of Christ Church, and Rev. Dr. Marshall, of the Methodist Church, the

FUNERAL PROCESSION

formed and moved to the National Cemetery in the following order:

First. Clergymen.
Second. Howard Association.
Third. Marshal W. G. Paxton.
Fourth. Firemen's silver cornet band.
Fifth. Old Guards, 35 in number, with reversed arms.
Sixth. Hearse, escorted by ex-Confederate and Federal soldiers.
Seventh. Officers and crew of steamer *John M. Chambers.*
Eighth. Colored field band.
Ninth. Fire department, 45 in number.
Tenth. Colored brass band.
Eleventh. Draymen's Aid Association, 35 in number.
Twelfth. Vicksburg Union, colored, 35 in number.
Thirteenth. City and county officers.
Fourteenth. Carriages, 43 in number.
Fifteenth. Citizens on horseback, 50 in number.

On arriving at the grave a large number of people were found assembled, having preceded the procession on board the ferry-boat.

Rev. Bishop Adams conducted the beautiful burial service of the Episcopal Church over the remains, concluding with a brief yet heart-thrilling eulogium of those who fall in the performance of their duty to their fellow-men and to their God. As the god of day was trembling on the

western horizon, the mortal remains of one destined to live in song and story were reverently lowered to their last resting-place by the side of that mighty river which, as it goes onward to the sea, will sing the requiem of one who died at the post of duty. Mid the gathering twilight of an autumn night we left him alone in his glory, and would to God that the living could, when their time comes, meet a death like his.

How sleep the brave who sink to rest
With all their country's honors blest!
* * * * *
Here Honor comes, a pilgrim gray,
To bless the turf which wraps their clay;
And Freedom shall awhile repair
To dwell a weeping hermit there.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH,
NEWPORT BARRACKS, KY., *November* 9, 1878.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General United States Army, through Headquarters Military Division of the Atlantic.

C. C. AUGUR,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION OF THE ATLANTIC,
GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, *November* 11, 1878.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
WASHINGTON, *November* 14, 1878.

Respectfully referred to the honorable Secretary of War.

W. T. SHERMAN,
General.

[Fourth indorsement.]

Seen by the Secretary of War. File.

JOHN TWEEDALE,
November 18, 1878. *Acting Chief Clerk.*

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
December 2, 1878.

Official copy.

E. D. TOWNS
Adjutant

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE UNITED STATES
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI,
ST. LOUIS, *November* 27, 1878.

WM. DICKSON, ESQ.,
Secretary Yellow-Fever National Relief Commission,
914 Penn. ave., Washington, D. C.

SIR: I have the honor to herewith transmit my report as treasurer of the Mississippi Steamboat Relief Mission, together with various books and vouchers relating thereto.

In explanation of the delay in forwarding the report, I beg to say that within a few days after the return of the steamboat on the 28th ultimo, Lieut. Hall and Surgeon Keyes delivered to me their books and papers. I immediately began making up my report, which Mr. Haynes, whom I employed for that purpose, found to be a difficult undertaking, owing to the confused state of the accounts, arising evidently from the character and incidents of the enterprise.

The report, however, was substantially finished on the 7th inst. The receipt for drugs, wines, and liquors delivered at Vicksburg was not such a voucher as I thought proper to receive. Dr. Keyes explained, however, that it was impossible, owing to the confusion prevailing there at the time of the delivery, to get a receipt, but had since received the one referred to by mail. I therefore wrote on the 7th inst. to W. H. Andrews, President of the Howard Association at Vicksburg, inclosing the one which I thought informal, asking him to send me a receipt specifying, so far as possible, the articles received. To this request I have received no reply.

Owing to press of official duties, which have been more than usually onerous and imperative during the past month, I have found it impossible to examine personally the vouchers relating to disbursements not made directly by myself. I believe, however, that everything is correct.

I shall probably visit Washington some time about January 1st, proximo, and hope to have the pleasure of meeting the members of the Commission.

I am, very respectfully,

WM. H. BLISS, *U. S. Attorney.*

I also inclose herewith draft on New York for $1,063.80, balance of fund on hand.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PURCHASING SUPPLIES FOR THE RELIEF STEAMER JOHN M. CHAMBERS, FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION TO SUFFERERS FROM YELLOW FEVER.

Chicago contribution	$5,000 00
Brooklyn contribution	2,000 00
Providence contribution	1,000 00
Milwaukee contribution	500 00
Rochester contribution	200 00
Rochester contribution, additional	400 00
San Francisco contribution	1,000 00
Wheeling contribution	700 00

State Department contribution	1,000 00
Buffalo contribution	500 00
Lowell contribution	300 00
Oil City contribution	200 00
Des Moines contribution	247 97
Baltimore contribution	1,500 00
Detroit contribution	500 00
Army officers contribution	588 67
Toledo contribution	213 33
Hartford contribution	250 00
Washington contribution	1,200 00
Washington contribution, additional	2,300 00
Washington contribution, by Lieut. C. S. Hall	500 00
Litchfield, Conn., contribution	63 25
Philadelphia contribution	1,000 00
Total	$21,163 22

NATIONAL RELIEF COMMISSION *in account current with*
W. H. BLISS, *Treasurer.*

Voucher No.	1.	To stamped check-book	1 50
" "	2.	To Meyers Bros. & Co., brimstone account	1 98
" "	3.	To telegrams	4 30
" "	4.	To exchange	24 30
" "	5.	To transportation of C. T. Bradford to Vicksburg	12 50
" "	6.	To repairing rudder and drayage	27 50
" "	7.	To transportation of D. J. Feeney to Vicksburg	12 50
" "	8.	To Joseph La Barge, furniture destroyed	59 00
" "	9.	To Jos. La Barge, charter of steamer	1,500 00
" "	10.	To fuel account	445 00
" "	11.	To expense of steamer at St. Louis and labor	96 30
" "	12.	To profit and loss, Lieut. Benner's account	82 49
" "	13.	To Lieut. Benner's disbursements	144 76
" "	14.	To Lieut. Hall's disbursemments	224 98
" "	15.	To pay-roll of steamer	2,273 06
" "	16.	To cargo	15,295 85
" "	17.	To clerical services	15 00
" "	18.	To balance of wages, H. S. Kessler, druggist	60 00
" "	19.	To exchange on New York, draft forwarded to L. J. Davis, Treasurer	1,063 80

CR.

By contributions		21,163 22
By Richardson & Co., for bal. drugs, &c		102 84
By John S. Gibbs, for bal. shoes		26 00
By Joseph La Barge, furniture left on steamer		47 76
By Joseph La Barge, lot of sheeting		5 00
Totals	$21,344 82	

The sub-committee (Alexander R. Shepherd and John T. Mitchell) appointed at the meeting held on September 27, 1878, to proceed to St. Louis, charter a steamer, load and dispatch her down the Mississippi River, in their report of the details and management of the charitable undertaking make the following acknowledgment:

We beg, in closing this report, to express our deep obligations to the honorable Secretaries of War and State for the earnest interest evinced by them and material aid furnished; to Wm. H. Bliss, Esq., U. S. district attorney of St. Louis, for the voluntary and meritorious services rendered by him; to General Amos Beckwith, Assistant Commissary-General, U. S. A., for his invaluable aid in purchasing and shipping supplies and sound advice as to the management of the enterprise; to Dr. Walter Wyman, of St. Louis, who exerted himself nobly to make the affair a success; to the press of St. Louis for their interest and zeal, and to those merchants and citizens who contributed to the relief supplies forwarded by steamer.

Note.—Assistant Surgeon Keyes, U. S. M. H. S., reported to Surgeon-General Woodworth a list of the drugs and medical supplies distributed, which cost at wholesale prices $3,500 and were valued at $5,000. The liquors and wines were purchased at wholesale cost for $2,600; the estimated value of these goods, including donations of liquors, was $5,000.

THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL ORPHAN ASSOCIATION.

Mr. A. S. Solomons, chairman of the special committee appointed to draft a bill to be submitted to Congress creating an organization that would provide for the support, education, and general care of the orphan children rendered helpless by the epidemic, prepared the following bill, which has been introduced in the House of Representatives by the Hon. Casey Young, of Tennessee:

A BILL establishing a National Memorial Orphan Association.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the National Board of Health, the Solicitor-General of the United States, the Commissioner of Education of the United States, three members of the Yellow Fever National Relief Commission of Washington, District of Columbia, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, and the Treasurer of the United States, who shall be treasurer of the association, and their successors, shall be, and are hereby, constituted a body corporate and politic in law, by the name, style, and title of the National Memorial Orphan Association, whose object shall be the support, education, general care, and, if practicable, teaching or apprenticing to useful occupations, and procuring employment for children under years of age, who have lost either or both parents by death from yellow fever in the United States during the year eighteen hundred and seventy-eight.

SEC. 2. That the persons hereinbefore named and their successors shall constitute a board of trustees of said association, and shall have discretionary power to hire a building or buildings for the purpose herein set forth, or to contract with similar institutions, or with individuals, to apprentice, board, clothe, educate, and teach useful occupations to such children, subject in all cases to the supervising control and direction of said board of trustees.

SEC. 3. That said children, unless sooner discharged, shall not remain under the care of the association after they attain years of age.

SEC. 4. That the board of trustees shall make such laws and regulations for the government of the association, not inconsistent with the provisions hereinbefore specified, as they may deem proper, and be empowered to receive and disburse all moneys for the maintenance and support of the association: *Provided*, They receive no salary or fee for their own services, and at the close of each fiscal year a full report of their transactions be made to the President of the United States.

SEC. 5. That said National Memorial Orphan Association be prohibited from holding real estate.

SEC. 6. This act to take effect immediately.

TREASURER'S REPORT

OF

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES, AND REPORT OF AUDITING COMMITTEE.

REPORT OF LEWIS J. DAVIS,

Treasurer of the Yellow-Fever National Relief Commission.

RECEIPTS.

Captain H. W. Howgate, from Signal Service Bureau employees	$100	
Excelsior Tent of Rechabites of Georgetown, No. 47	19	15
Wash. Hib. Soc. No. 1, P. B. Dunn, treasurer	50	
Leonard Whitney	10	
Mrs. Thurman	5	
Concordia Church Association, German Lutheran, by F. Imhoff, president	25	
James Eveleth	5	
G. S. Koontz, for employees of Balt. and Ohio depot	30	75
James Wiles	10	
"K. F. R." Society	6	25
Thos. J. Fisher	10	
J. C. Hall	50	
A. R. Shepherd	25	
W. H. Craige, Georgetown	15	
Dr. F. A. Ashford	10	
Cash	5	
Major-Gen. M. C. Meigs	50	
Employees M. A. McGowan's stone-yard	25	
Colored citizens, by Fred Douglass	77	89
Mr. Scott	2	
Mr. Niles	20	
T. H. Schott	1	
Hon. Horatio King	10	
Prof. Welling	10	
F. A. Masons (for Memphis)	25	
Wm. H. Clagett	10	
Henry Polkinhorn	5	
Dr. A. Y. P. Garnett	10	
John Bull	10	
J. C. Wilson	5	
James W. Orme	25	
John W. R. Murray	20	
John McClelland	10	
Virginia	1	
Pilling	10	
Semken	10	
Signal Corps, at Fort Whipple, Va., through Capt. Strong	110	50
Hope	5	
From Evening Star office:		
James E. Fitch	10	
H. K. I	1	
S. Norment	50	
J. Stiles	5	
Mr. Ridgley, collections in city P. O.	32	07
Washington Schuetzen Verein, by J. L. Vogt	25	
B. S. Elliott, collections	12	
G. W. Harkness, collections, viz.:		
James C. Harkness	1	
Michael Talty	1	
G. G. C. Simms	1	
J. Y. C		25
W. W. Metcalf	1	
G. W. Starr	1	
Cash (sundry amounts)	3	
House & Co		50
G. W. Harkness	1	25
First Cong. Church, by S. H. Gilpin, treasurer	96	37
Dr. C. H. Leiberman	20	
Master Seth S. Todd	10	
W. S. Teel	5	
Thos. Russell	5	
Samuel Lewis	5	
John Alexander	2	50
Wm. S. Roose	5	
Chas. G. Ball	5	
John Milburn	5	
Hon. George Taylor	100	
Gen. R. C. Buchanan, U. S. A.	10	
George S. Lovett	10	
Cash	20	
I. G. Kimball	25	
G. W. Thecker	5	
F. Wheatley	10	
Wheatley Bros.	10	
G. W. Cropley	5	
R. W. Morgan	5	

G. F. Dunlop	$5	
M. J. Adler	5	
S. Thos. Brown	5	
A. N. Pickerel	5	
A. B. Cropley	5	
W. F. Seymour	5	
R. B. Cropley	5	
W. H. Gaskins	3	
H. P. Gilbert	3	
Wm. King	5	
Joseph Libbey	5	
Sinsheimer & Bro	1	
J. T. Proby	2	
A Friend	5	
D. C. Lawrence	10	
Wm. Shields	5	
J. C. McGuire	50	
A Lady	1	
B. F. Burch	5	
"W. D."	10	
W. E. Edmonston	25	
Judge Arthur MacArthur	25	
G. S. Koontz, collections	21	75
Ed. Shoemaker	10	
William Forsyth, collections, viz.:		
W. B. Webb	20	
M. Woodhall	10	
Capt. Fillebrown, U. S. N.	5	
Basil Norris	5	
W. C. Murdock	10	
P. L. Rodier	2	
John Fraser	5	
E. P. Cross	1	
W. Collins	1	
William Callow	1	
W. E. Richards	1	
Gen. Paul	1	
D. Maher	1	
C. Klotz	1	
H. E. Klotz	1	
A lady	5	
Cash subscriptions	29	
C. Warren, Bureau of Education, Int. Dept	15	
E. G. Davis	20	
Washington Light Inf'y Corps.	50	
Employees Indian Office, by H. H. Arthur	61	75
Frederick Bates	10	
Councilman	1	
C. W. Spofford	10	
Mrs. Engels		50
Henry Miller		50
Cash	1	
Collection Surg.-Gen's. Office, by J. S. Billings	32	50
James Elms	1	
John A. Baker	25	
Collection, Secretary's Office, Int. Dept	60	
R. M. Thompson	10	
B. S. Elliott, collections	9	50
G. D. Hanson, collections, viz.:		
Benj. Alvord	5	
J. C. H. Young	$1	
J. Goszler	1	
James Cross		50
A. B. Carey	3	
Z. S. B.	1	
T. C. H. S	2	
E. L. Stone	2	
Fred. Thomson		50
S. E. Thomason		50
J. A. S		50
Cash, sundry amounts	11	
R. H. Thayer, collections, Supervising Architect's Office, Treasury	61	75
R. M. Hanson, from Commissary General's Office	22	25
Anthony Eberly	20	
From officers at Jail	22	
E. Abner, through S. Wolf	66	75
B. D. Carpenter	5	
J. Pilling	20	
C. S. O'Hare	5	
E. F. J. Cammack	10	
F. J. Heiberger	10	
J. G. Kinsley	5	
A Friend	5	
E. C. Ingersoll	10	
E. S. Fletcher and F. J. Hammond, part proceeds baseball game, Adjt.-Genl's and Surg.-Genl's office	62	
C. Warren, Bureau of Education	12	
General Post Office Department, through S. Wolf	128	81
From the Officers, Marines, Sailors, and employees at the Navy-yard, Mare Island, and on board U. S. vessels there, by Secretary of the Navy	1,593	
Marshal Douglass, from Ebenezer Church	8	75
United Friendship Society	5	
C. B. Church, collections, viz.:		
Independent Ice Co	20	
Employees of same Co	7	
Church Bros	5	
W. A. Thompson	2	50
Amos Hunt	1	
John Anderson	1	50
Miss Slight		50
Asbury M. E. Church	18	91
E. K. Johnson, collections, viz.:		
Great Falls Ice Co	20	
A. H. James	1	
S. Browning	1	
C. T. Thompson	1	
Cash		50
Allen Thompson	5	
Miss M. S. Thompson	5	
Cadets at West Point, through Secretary of War		
Mrs. M. B. Ferguson		

German Butchers and Benevolent Society, by S. Wolf	$50
N. Theaker	1
Proceeds of concert at Ryland Chapel	82 50
Capt. H. W. Howgate, for U. S. Signal Corps	54
German English School, 929 I street	9
Envelope	1
A. J. Joyce	5
Cash	5
Cash	5
Meth. Prot. S. S., by J. R. Zimmerman	7 85
Office of Com. of Customs	25
Office of Coast Survey	3
N. Y. Ave. Pres. Church	185 52
Penny contributions from E-street Baptist Church, by Chas. L. Richards, Supt	8
Christ Church, Navy Yard	26 13
Shiloh Baptist Church	12 60
Bethany Mission Chapel	7 31
Presbyterian Church, Rallston, Va	10
Presbyterian Church, Falls Church, Va	12 16
Dunbarton St. M. E. Sunday School, Georgetown	18
James Eveleth, collections, viz.:	
Charles Tilley	1
James M. Etter	1
Robert Foertsch	1
M. A. Eldridge	50
Patrick Fitzgerald	1
Daniel Ford	1
Addison Webster	1
Adolphus Adams	1
C. S. Wheeler	1
James Tilden	1
J. T. Adt, brewer	18
J. K. Sharp, from B. and P. and Alex. R. R. employees.	101 50
J. C. Jones, from hands employed on Borden Mining Coal Wharf	6
R. J. Ingersoll, through Wm. Dickson	25
Sol. Stover, Coal Dealers' Excursion	55 50
A. Parris, "K. F. R." Society	5 40
Mrs. D. Washington	5
R. J. Fleming	5
J. H. Jackson, collections	9 15
Emory S. S., Brightwood, J. R. Keen, Supt	3 25
Dr. Charles H. Miller	2
Dr. W. Gunton	50
W. Forsyth, collections, viz.:	
E. L. Totten	5
W. S. Cox	20
F. Beale	50
[illegible]ries	3
[illegible]ith	1
Mt. Olivet Met. Prot. Church	$9 06
B. L. Blackford	25
M. M. Boyce	50
John D. McPherson	15
Samuel Fowler	10
A. M. Smith	10
All Souls Church	60 14
G. N. Whittington, Land Office	106 75
Thos. P. Morgan, Friendship Lodge 41	33 06
Thos. P. Morgan, plasterers at War and Navy Depts	102
Jane O. Mahan	10
Henry Waggaman	1
War Department	20 75
Signal Office (4th contribution)	26
Police force, through Major Morgan	241
E. D. Hartley, collections, viz.:	
E. D. Hartley	10
Herr & Cissell	10
W. H. Tenney	5
Beall & Shoemaker	5
Cash	12
W. MacLeod, sums found in Corcoran Art Gallery unclaimed	4 25
George C. Maynard	5
Henry Beard	10
General Babcock	10
Rec'd from base-ball game beteen Telegraph Operators and Astoria	14 40
From three workingmen	20
Jefferson Literary Society of South Washington	15
Nannie M. Dade	1
Maggie E. Horton, whole contents of her little savings-bank	1
Wash. Nailor	5
Thos. Dowling	5
Jos. Wilkinson, Supt. W. G. L. Co	61 25
A. Van Gendee, from employees Pension Office	51 54
National Republican Office	50
E. E. Barnes	5
Stewart & Bro	5
Garges & Bro	2
George Eckloff	2
Zurhurst & Bro	2
James Johnson	1
W. Wheatley, collections, viz.:	
J. H. Smoot	5
M. Plater	5
Thomas Knowles	5
W. Laird	5
W. H. Dougal	5
J. M. Waters	5
Cash	10
W. Hughes	1
G. F. Hyde	1
H. Wagner	1
C. A. G., through S. Wolf	1

Daniel Clark, collector, Patent Office	$56	90
W. J. Warren, in office Chief Engineers, U. S. A	39	
T. R. Benner, from employees Columbia R. R. Co	6	
"A. E. H."	3	
Captain Howgate, for Signal Corps at Woods Hole, Mass.	100	38
Signal Corps, Washington, 5th contribution	38	
"H. M. R."	1	
James Goddard	10	
D. Jackson	2	
W. W. Winship	2	
Christopher Heurich, collections, viz.:		
John Walker		25
T. M. Steep	1	
C. Fox		50
Frank Pinson		25
George Rick	1	
F. J. Grimes		50
Chris. Heurich	10	
William Riley		25
John Gray		50
Charles Stringer		75
Henry Halpin		50
W. Junemann		25
George Muller		25
Fritz Messing		25
Hugo Heurich	1	
Joseph Lagle		50
Charles Herfurth		25
Catherine Eucke		25
"Brooks"	1	
Fritz Trumpf	1	
Joseph Butler	1	
Louis Phillipp		50
George K. Baier	1	
August Dohrer	1	
L. Weiss	1	
John Sinclair		25
H. T. Ries	1	
Thomas Boyle		25
L. Bolsch	2	
Michael McKeen		25
Thompson		50
M. Heimer		50
Cash, sundry amounts	5	10
Miss Annie McGowan, West End Club Fair	2	50
O. H. Irish, for employees of Bureau Engraving and Printing	65	26
"L."	2	
W. H. H. Cissel	1	
S. Just, base-ball game, Fat and Lean men	30	27
G. W. Peter	5	
J. O. Evans	25	
Betsy Page		30
J. B. Wood, Captain steamer J. W. Thompson	35	75
T. B. Turner	3	
Butler and Claridge, by F. Hume	$5	
McKendree Church, by Z. Jones	76	20
Norris Peters	50	
E. B. Hay	5	
Ladies' Fair, in Georgetown, by Mrs. Curtis	250	
Philosophy in Georgetown College, by Mrs. Curtis	10	
Gen. Myer and Capt. Howgate, Signal Corps, 7th contribution	94	
Bankers and Lawyers' base-ball match, by E. B. Hay	$5	
Office Sup. Arch. Treasury, by R. H. Thayer	10	
"Q. T. S." Club, by George McNeir, Tr	5	
Sixth Pres. Church, by Rev. Mason Noble	75	
H. L. Hillyer	1	
Meth. Prot. S. S., J. T. Maury	9	08
Capt. Thornton, of Detroit	5	
Received from Post Office	97	69
Odorless Excavating Co	25	
Employees Board of Health	25	
The Misses Pollock	3	30
St. Paul's Lutheran S. S	3	79
A. W. Adams	20	
Indian Bureau, by H. H. Arthur	10	
Miss Phillips	8	50
Officers and crew of U. S. steamer Phlox	24	
Chas. Burke	1	68
"F. C. W."	2	50
"Old Cow Bell"	1	54
W. H. Nalley	3	
Rev. E. H. Crompton	5	
Meth. Prot. S. S., Georgetown	5	
Clerks in Patent Office	19	25
John W. Hogg, Navy Dept.	30	75
Clerks in office of Chief of Engineers	12	
F. Douglass, from Pioneer S. S.	1	47
A. M. E. Church	2	26
Judge S. F. Miller	5	
From George H. B. White, treasurer *pro tem* of the Lincoln Hall citizens' meeting, sundry collections amounting to $933.91, as follows:		
H. A. Hall	5	
Rev. J. T. Kelly	10	
Rev. B. P. Brown	10	
Dr. N. S. Lincoln	10	
E. A. Ridgway	10	
F. P. Hill	10	
Patent Office subscription, through Hon. Geo. M. Lockwood	25	
Charles C. Ivey	5	
Prof. Wedgewood	5	
A. B. Newcomb		

William Galt	$20	
R. O. Holtzman	5	
J. L. French	5	
Allison Nailor, Jr	10	
E. W. Anderson	10	
John F. Ennis	5	
James R. O'Beirne	5	
L. M. Ingraham	1	
W. H. Clagett	10	
Joseph L. Simms	5	
J. Hutchinson	5	
Henry Franc, treasurer, balance of Hebrew citizens' collections	552	78
Gen. R. D. Cutts	10	
J. F. Sinclair	10	
Bank Clerk's base-ball match	141	28
Unknown	2	10
P. A. Darneille	5	
Naval Hospital	23	75
Employees of Claims Bureau, Q.-M. Department	10	
Rev. J. T. Kelly, from Fourth Presbyterian Church	1	50
Carl Fosberg		50
Mrs. M. A. Blake	1	
Edward Clark	20	
From men employed in Capitol Grounds	48	50
Major Haywood, from Marine Barracks	92	90
G. M. Lockwood, chief clerk Interior Department, proceeds of raffle of bracelet of Mrs. C. C. Stewart	100	
A. R. Fraser	10	
L. W. Lenoir	1	
Paymaster Bacon, for officers and men at Navy-yard	41	
W. S. Thompson, rebate on bill	9	20
Employees of Acker's stone-yard	20	
Proceeds of excursion by Messrs. Clements, Blake, Hill, Parris, Smith, Pistorio.	48	50
Major Nicholson	1	
J. B. Leverich, West Point fund	50	
B. S. Elliott, collections	2	50
"B," Georgetown	1	
Through Mr. Reynolds, Capitol and Botanical Garden employees	27	54
German Evangelical Church	85	79
Officers and men, U. S. steamer Alliance, Leghorn, Italy, (through Acting Secretary of Navy,) gold.	400	
J. T. Adams		25
[illegible]pe contributions	21	19
Baldwin, collections,		
[illegible]nny	5	
[illegible]win	5	
John Nolan	$	50
Jacob B. Miller		50
John Terry		25
Tifel Terry		50
John F. Parke		25
W. S. Gregg		50
J. H. Gallaher		50
G. W. Heisler		50
John Keeves		25
Thomas Hughes		50
R. S. Reed		50
C. E. Wells		50
Oscar Akers		50
S. B. Middleton		50
Samuel Cissell		50
Lewis Hopson		25
I. B. Brady		50
J. F. Acker		50
Frederick J. Long		50
William Chambers		25
John Gallaher		50
Cash from a gentleman	5	
Jury	1	50
Chas. Bradley	20	
St. John's Church, Georgetown	10	97
Contribution	5	
First Congregational Church	2	
Cash	1	
Children at Insane Asylum	2	97
Public School contributions	1,039	
H. E. Paine	20	
P. Phillips	25	
A Friend	1	
Proceeds of two vases from Potomac Terra Cotta Co.	32	
Miss S. A. Lipscombe	5	
M. Goldstein, collections	1	86
J. M. Lockwood, proceeds game base-ball between Attorneys and Examiners in Patent Office	60	55
Misses Pollock	2	
Secretary of Navy, draft on London, £44 5s. 3d, contribution of officers and crew of U. S. steamer Vandalia	213	
Henry Seitz, Relief Commission of Glenrock, N. Y.	78	64
O. H. Irish, Bureau of Engraving and Printing	19	15
Murrey Meyenberg		50
Gen. Rensom	43	
Robert Boyd, collections	6	
A. Van Gender, collector Patent Office	17	75
Rev. J. H. Waugh, of Langley, Va	16	55
Mrs. A. E. Perry	5	
Department of Agriculture, by A. E. Carman	18	
Othello Dramatic Club, Brightwood	10	
Children's Fair held by Rosa Paische and Freddy Latimer	20	42
Brooklyn City Relief Commission	500	

Dr. A. F. King	$5	
Anonymous	1	
Cash		50
Hon. A. G. Riddle	10	
Balance school fund	7	69
Clifton, G. T., proceeds Garden party	15	
Lewinsville Pres. Church, Fairfax County, Va	4	75
Deaf Mute S. S.	17	18
John Cosgrove	1	
Thos. Summerville	4	
Citizens' Relief Committee, Brooklyn, through Ripley Ropes, treasurer	300	
H. D. Hancock, yellow-fever fund, Oil City, Pa., for family of Lieut. Benner	50	
Rev. J. G. Butler	11	45
Entertainment, Crystal Fount. Div. Sons of Temp.	8	96
Dr. Woodworth, from the Brooklyn fund, for river towns in distress	500	
Employees Capitol extension	23	25
Base-ball game between Patent Attorneys and Examiners	11	20
J. D. Scully, Pittsburg, Pa.	100	
J. D. Scully, Pittsburg, Pa., for Lieut. Benner's family	93	25
Milwaukee, Wis., for Benner fund	$50	
Secretary Navy, from officers and crew U. S. steamer Supply, at Havre	80	18
Hon. G. G. Sumner, Hartford, Conn., for Benner fund	54	46
W. R. Smith	5	
Cash received G. M. Lockwood, game base-ball between Patent Attorneys and Examiners	13	45
W. R. Smith	16	
Cash received from Secretary of the Navy, contribution of officers and crew of U. S. S. Constitution	260	37
Recd. from officers and crew of U. S. S. Gettysburg	93	71
Cash from Capt. Howgate, U. S. Signal Corps	79	37
Amount received from W. H. Bliss, U. S. Attorney, St. Louis, Mo.	1,063	80
Bureau of Engraving and Printing, by O. H. Irish	2	75
Received from S. E. Middleton, receipts of concert given for yellow-fever fund	417	90
Sale of Bible to Gurley Mission S. S.	16	
Total collections	$15,528	01

EXPENDITURES.

1878.			
Sept. 18.	Voucher No. 1.	Simon Wolf, expenses and advances to nurses, and telegrams	$27 19
" 18.	Voucher No. 2.	Rev. W. C. McCracken, Grenada, Miss.	300 00
" 18.	Voucher No. 3.	Emmett L. Ross, Chairman Relief Committee, Canton, Miss	300 00
" 20.	Voucher No. 4.	W. J. L. Holland, Chairman Relief Committee, Holly Springs, Miss.	300 00
" 20.	Voucher No. 5.	A. A. Farris, Relief Committee, Hickman, Ky.	100 00
" 20.	Voucher No. 6.	Washington Journal, printing	7 50
" 20.	Voucher No. 7.	Copeland & Co., for signs, &c	15 50
" 21.	Voucher No. 8.	W. S. Thompson, medicines forwarded sufferers	145 14
" 23.	Voucher No. 9.	Armor & Montrop, lettering of signs	7 50
" 24.	Voucher No. 10.	T. A. Mitchell, services as messenger	14 00
" 25.	Voucher No. 11.	Cash forwarded to Rev. J. W. Keeble, Meridian, Miss	100 00
" 25.	Voucher No. 12.	Cash forwarded E. S. Butts, Vicksburg, Miss., to pay for supplies sent to Greenville, Miss	400 00
" 26.	Voucher No. 12.	Cash forwarded Hon. E. Bullington, Mayor, and President Relief Committee, Hernando, Miss	300 00
" 24.	Voucher No. 13.	Laurence Rebstock, volunteer nurse	10 00
" 26.	Voucher No. 14.	C. W. Rollett, volunteer nurse	[illegible] 00
" 26.	Voucher No. 15.	M. E. Darcey, volunteer nurse	[illegible]

Sept. 28.	Voucher No. 16.	Mitchell & Martin, for blankets (wholesale cost)	$201 25
" 28.	Voucher No. 17.	A. R. Shepherd, expenses of sub-Committee to St. Louis, Mo	100 00
Oct. 1.	Voucher No. 18.	Catherine Barber, widow of volunteer nurse.	25 00
" 1.	Voucher No. 19.	Cash forwarded to A. D. Herron, Baton Rouge, Miss	200 00
" 1.	Voucher No. 20.	Cash forwarded to J. T. Hill, Secretary Relief Committee, Chattanooga, Tenn	500 00
" 1.	Voucher No. 21.	Cash forwarded to Samuel Kerr, Mayor, Gallipolis, Ohio	250 00
" 4.	Voucher No. 22.	W. S. Thompson, medicines forwarded to Grand Junction, Tenn	41 60
" 9.	Voucher No. 23.	S. Wolf, for relief of family of G. A. Barber, and distribution of notices	15 00
" 9.	Voucher No. 24.	Mrs. Louise Silvey, volunteer nurse, for transportation and expenses	45 00
" 9.	Voucher No. 25.	Cash paid for expenses of sub-Committee in St. Louis and return	142 75
" 9.	Voucher No. 26.	Solomons & Chapman, for stationery	21 45
" 9.	Voucher No. 27.	Evening Star, for advertising	8 75
" 11.	Voucher No. 28.	Draft of W. H. Bliss, U. S. attorney, St. Louis, in account relief boat	1,200 00
" 12.	Voucher No. 29.	Cash forwarded Robert Powell, Mayor, Canton, Mississippi	300 00
" 12.	Voucher No. 30.	Cash forwarded M. Bowen, President Workingmen's Relief Association, New Orleans.	300 00
" 12.	Voucher No. 31.	Cash paid T. A. Mitchell, messenger, for services	20 00
" 12.	Voucher No. 32.	Julius Rosenthal, volunteer nurse	10 00
" 12.	Voucher No. 33.	Cash sent R. D. Murray, Surgeon, for ladies of Physiological Society of New Orleans	25 00
" 14.	Voucher No. 34.	Cash paid N. S. Renau, of Batesville, Miss	100 00
" 14.	Voucher No. 35.	Cash sent J. W. Putnam, Relief Association, Bay St. Louis, Miss	200 00
" 14.	Voucher No. 35.	Cash sent H. H. Miner, President Relief Association, Ocean Springs, Miss	100 00
" 14.	Voucher No. 35.	Cash sent Walter Foster, chairman Relief Committee, Biloxi, Miss	100 00
" 15.	Voucher No. 36.	Rev. J. A. Walter, for benefit of family of G. A. Barber, volunteer nurse	25 00
" 15.	Voucher No. 37.	National Republican, for advertising	10 87
" 15.	Voucher No. 38.	Cash sent E. L. Henderson, Mayor, Pass Christian, Miss.	200 00
" 16.	Voucher No. 39.	Washington Post, for advertising	5 25
" 16.	Voucher No. 40.	Cash sent Hon. Casey Young, Memphis, Tenn	400 00
" 17.	Voucher No. 41.	W. S. Thompson, medicines, wines, &c., for sufferers	60 30
" 17.	Voucher No. 42.	Cash forwarded Hon. E. Bullington, Mayor, Hernando, Miss	100 00
" 17.	Voucher No. 43.	Cash sent Gen. C. C. Augur, for relief of family of Lieut. Benner	300 00
" 18.	Voucher No. 44.	Daily Critic, for advertising	6 00
" 19.	Voucher No. 45.	Cash sent Rev. J. L. Tucker, Jackson, Miss.	200 00
" 18.	Voucher No. 46.	Cash sent M. Weil, Mayor, Paducah, Ky., for relief of sufferers at Martin, Tenn	150 00
" 19.	Voucher No. 47.	C. A. Ridgeley, for gilt frame on donation picture	2 75
" 19.	Voucher No. 48.	Cash forwarded W. J. L. Holland, chairman Relief Committee, Holly Springs, Miss	250 00
" 23.	Voucher No. 49.	Cash paid Dr. J. M. Woodworth, for relief of family of Dr. J. M. Waldo, deceased.	250 00
" 23.	Voucher No. 50.	Draft of Charles S. Ball, for relief boat at Vicksburg, Miss	500 00
" 25.	Voucher No. 51.	D. Woddin, volunteer nurse	25 00

Oct. 26.	Voucher No. 52.	T. A. Mitchell, messenger, services	$12 00
" 26.	Voucher No. 53.	Cash forwarded M. Weil, Mayor of Paducah, Ky., relief of Florence, Ky	100 00
" 29.	Voucher No. 54.	Cash forwarded Rev. J. L. Tucker, Jackson, Miss	200 00
" 30.	Voucher No. 55.	J. T. Mitchell, purchase of children's clothing for Brownville, Tenn	25 00
Nov. 1.	Voucher No. 56.	Draft of W. H. Bliss, U.S. attorney, St. Louis, expenses of relief boat	2,300 00
" 2.	Voucher No. 57.	T. A. Mitchell, messenger	7 00
" 9.	Voucher No. 58.	Wm. Dickson, secretary, for postage stamps, stationery, &c	20 00
" 9.	Voucher No. 59.	S. Wolf, for benefit of Mrs. Lottie Beasley, volunteer nurse	25 00
" 9.	Voucher No. 60.	T. A. Mitchell, messenger	7 00
" 11.	Voucher No. 61.	W. W. George, Jr., Meridian, Miss., for use of sufferers	200 00
" 13.	Voucher No. 62.	William Dickson, secretary, for sundry expenses, freight, telegrams, &c	20 66
" 14.	Voucher No. 63.	Washington Post, advertising	2 50
" 16.	Voucher No. 64.	Dr. J. M. Woodworth, forwarded Rev. Stevenson Archer, Vicksburg, $250; W. H. Andrews, President Howard Relief Association, Vicksburg, Miss., $250	500 00
" 25.	Voucher No. 65.	Solomons & Chapman, for stationery	17 10
" 27.	Voucher No. 66.	Solomons & Chapman, for stationery	19 65
" 29.	Voucher No. 67.	Daily Critic, advertising	4 33
" 30.	Voucher No. 68.	Mrs. W. W. Curtis, for making clothing	10 00
Dec. 3.	Voucher No. 69.	T. A. Mitchell, messenger	5 00
" 3.	Voucher No. 70.	Gen. C. C. Augur, trustee Benner Fund, forwarder amount of subscription	347 71
" 7.	Voucher No. 71.	Mrs. W. W. Curtis, for clothing for the South.	175 00
" 14.	Voucher No. 72.	National Republican, for advertising	2 63
" 14.	Voucher No. 73.	Dr. J. M. Woodworth, for Osyka, Miss	200 00
" 20.	Voucher No. 74.	Express charges to Memphis, Tenn	3 00
" 23.	Voucher No. 75.	Dr. J. M. Woodworth, for river towns	150 00
" 23.	Voucher No. 76.	Wm. Dickson, secretary, sundries	2 15
" 28.	Voucher No. 77.	C. K. Marshall, Vicksburg, Miss	150 00
" 31.	Voucher No. 78.	Geo. Tieman & Co., bill for thermometer	13 00
1879.			
Jan. 3.	Voucher No. 79.	Thos. A. Mitchell, messenger, services	10 00
" 6.	Voucher No. 80.	Hon. Casey Young, for relief of the counties of La Grange, Grand Junction, Simentle, and Collersville, Tenn	500 00
" 10.	Voucher No. 81.	S. Wolf, for relief of volunteer nurses now in distress	200 00
" 15.	Voucher No. 82.	To Labor Exchange, for manufacturing clothing for the orphans	500 00
" 15.	Voucher No. 83.	Solomons & Chapman, printing	3 00
" 16.	Voucher No. 84.	Draft of W. H. Bliss, U. S. attorney, St. Louis, Mo., for expenses and bills	103 64
Feb. 7.	Voucher No. 85.	E. B. Hay, drafting Benner Resolutions	20 00
Mar. 5.	Voucher No. 86.	Mrs. Davison, volunteer nurse	25 00
Mar. 27.	Voucher No. 87.	Adams Express Co., freight on box	12 15
" 31.	Voucher No. 88.	Mrs. Davison, volunteer nurse	25 00
Apr. 2.	Voucher No. 89.	L. Rebstock, volunteer nurse	25 00
" 4.	Voucher No. 90.	T. A. Mitchell, messenger, services	15 00
" 5.	Voucher No. 91.	Mrs. Margaret Woodworth	200 00
" 11.	Voucher No. 92.	T. L. Tullock, Treasurer Labor Exchange, freight on supplies forwarded	7 50
" 26.	Voucher No. 93.	J. J. Chapman, printing and frame for Benner resolutions	58 95
" 27.	Voucher No. 94.	John J. Dickson, clerical services	25 00
" 28.	Voucher No. 95.	T. A. Mitchell, messenger, services	[illegible]
" 29.	Voucher No. 96.	Family of refugees from Memphis	

Apr. 29.	Voucher No. 97.	Family of Joseph Dalton, watchman on the steamer *Chambers*, who died from fever at Vicksburg, Miss., (by draft to Wm. H. Bliss, St. Louis,)	100 00
" 29.	Voucher No. 98.	Mrs. F. A. Aiken, clerical services in preparing report	50 00
May 7.	Voucher No. 99.	Evening Star, advertising	1 75
" 20.	Voucher No. 100.	Mrs. Davison, volunteer nurse	25 00
" 31.	Voucher No. 101.	Thomas A. Mitchell, messenger, services in full	10 00
" 31.	Voucher No. 102.	E. B. Hay, drafting memorial resolutions on death of Surgeon-General Woodworth, $20; cost of frame, $50	70 00
" 31.	Voucher No. 103.	J. J. Chapman, printing report of Relief Commission	300 00
	Total expenditures		$15,286 27

WASHINGTON, D. C., *June* 2, 1879.

GEORGE W. RIGGS, ESQ.,

Chairman of the National Yellow Fever Relief Commission:

DEAR SIR: As a committee designated by you to audit the accounts of Lewis J. Davis, Esq., Treasurer of the National Yellow Fever Relief Commission, we have the honor to submit that we have performed this duty, and report that we find his accounts correct.

It appears, from the record of the receipts of this Commission submitted by him, that there was deposited with him for the Yellow Fever Relief Fund the sum of $15,528.01; and we find that he has disbursed, by direction of the Executive Committee of this Commission, on vouchers submitted to us, the sum of $15,286.27, and that he has now on hand to the credit of this fund $241.74.

Very respectfully,

JOHN A. BAKER.
THOS. J. FISHER.
H. A. WILLARD.

SECRETARY'S REPORT

OF

DONATIONS RECEIVED FROM CITIZENS AND SUPPLIES FORWARDED.

DATE.		NAME.	DONATION.
September	12.	Jackson Brothers	3 barrels of flour. 1 box of soap. 1 chest of tea.
"	"	Stilson Hutchins	3 barrels of flour.
"	"	Simon Wolf	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	R. Ross Perry	2 barrels of flour.
"	"	W. H. Hoge	2 barrels of flour.
"	"	John C. Athey, Joseph F. Birch, and W. C. Smith	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	Andrew Saks	12 pair of pantaloons.
"	"	Chris. Xander	1 case of wine.
"	"	U. S. Tea Company	1 chest of tea.
"	"	William Smith, for use of Committee	Stencil for marking packages.
"	"	Mrs. J. Whit Herron	2 linen sheets. 4 towels. 8 pillow slips.
"	13.	R. C. Hewett	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	F. D. Keyworth	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	G. W. Gray	1 box soda biscuit.
"	"	An ex-Union Soldier	1 woollen suit. 2 flannel shirts. 2 drawers. 1 vest. 1 pair of pantaloons. 1 overcoat.
"	"	William Dickson	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	H. U. Rheam	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	John L. Vogt	500 loaves of bread.
"	"	M. Goldstein	4 dozen pipes. 5 pounds tobacco.
"	"	H. V. Dempsey	Coat, vest, shirts.
"	"	From a lady	3 skirts, 2 chemise, 1 corset cover, 6 collars.
"	"	John Dowling	1 chest of tea.
"	"	C. W. Dennison	Lot of clothing.
"	"	From a lady	Lot of towels.
"	"	"A friend"	1 dozen jars of jelly. 1 lot of clothing. 1 lot of napkin[illegible]
"	"	Mrs. C. A. Merrill	1 lot of jelly [illegible]ts.
"	"	Jourdan W. Maury	2 barrels of [illegible]
"	"	A lady	1 lot of clot[illegible]
"	"	Mrs. M. W. Galt	1 lot of clot[illegible]

September	13.	M. H. Prince	1 lot of clothing, 29 pieces.
"	"	S. C. Palmer	2 cases wine.
"	"	Mrs. Senator Morgan	3 dresses, pillow slips, &c.
"	"	W. M. Galt & Co	5 barrels of flour.
"	"	W. H. Morrison	2 barrels of flour.
"	"	A lady	Woollen clothing for men and women.
"	"	A lady	Dresses for women.
"	"	A lady	Cotton clothes for women and children.
"	"	S. Katzenstein	2 dozen shirts.
"	"	Mrs. G. W. Bunker	1 dozen sheets.
"	14.	Mrs. Dallas	Lot of clothing.
"	"	A lady	Lot of clothing.
"	"	A gentleman	Lot of clothing.
"	"	John L. Vogt	Blue flannel coat and vest.
"	"	A lady	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Totten	Lot of clothing.
"	"	A widow	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Wallach	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. G. G. Cornwell	Lot of 14 pieces.
"	"	Mrs. G. G. Cornwell	1 barrel fried potatoes.
"	"	Mrs. Thomas Hungerford	Lot ladies' and children's cloth'g.
"	"	Mrs. James	Lot of clothing.
"	"	A lady	Lot of clothing.
"	"	J. A. Clarke	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	B. H. Warner	3 barrels of flour.
"	"	P. F. Bacon	Package of tea.
"	"	A lady	Underclothing.
"	"	H. O. Claughton	2 barrels of flour.
"	"	G. Sohon	5 pairs of shoes.
"	"	Lady, 1014 E street	2 boxes of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. W. J. Morris	18 pieces of clothing.
"	"	From 125 C street S. E	33 pieces of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Todd	16 pieces of clothing.
"	"	From 223 C street N. W	20 pieces of clothing.
"	"	From 1113 4th street N. W	Blankets and sheets.
"	"	From 904 New York avenue	11 pieces of clothing.
"	"	From 1012 12th street N. W	7 pieces of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Thomas McGill	4 packages of clothing.
"	"	From a lady	2 packages of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. P. D. Gurley	Blankets and clothing.
"	"	Mrs. E. Janin	32 pieces of clothing.
"	"	A lady	Package of clothing.
"	"	A friend	2 old coats.
"	"	A friend	2 coats.
"	"	A lady	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Lewis	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Miss Burgess	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Walter H. Johnston	Lot of clothing, 8 pieces.
"	"	Mrs. A. W. Church	17 pieces of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Anna Johnston	14 pieces of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Stevens	2 packages of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Cline	Bundle of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Russell	Bundle of clothing.
"	"	Walter Drew	Box of drugs.
"	16.	Julia and Willie Dillon (children 5 and 3 years old)	Large wall tent.
"	"	Dr. Ralph Walsh	2 barrels of flour.
"	"	Mrs. H. Stuart and other ladies	Lot of female clothing.
"	"	Miss F. Lourey, Mrs. E. Woolcott	Female clothing.
"	"	Mrs. C. B. Hood	Bedding, clothing, &c.
"	"	A lady	Lot of clothing.
"	"	John A. Downs	6 shirts, 2 drawers.
"	"	Potomac Terra Cotta Company	2 large vases.

September	16.	Mrs. A. D. Palmer	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Lipscomb	4 packages of clothing.
"	"	426 6th street N. W	43 pieces of clothing.
"	"	W. B. Orme, Georgetown	Pieces of clothing.
"	"	A friend, Georgetown	Pieces of clothing.
"	"	Members of No. 5 Engine Co	Large box of groceries.
"	"	Mrs. C. B. Young	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Miss Linnie Young	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Dr. Hudson	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	W. W. Johnson	40 cans of condensed milk.
"	"	George W. Driver	½ dozen cooked hams. ½ dozen cans chicken and turtle. 3 dozen cans of roast beef. 8 dozen cans of roast mutton. ½ dozen boxes of sardines. Large jar of currant jelly.
"	"	T. Jarvis	Children's clothing, jelly.
"	"	Mrs. S. S. Shedd	37 pieces of clothing.
"	"	Welcker's	One box of wine.
"	"	Mrs. S. J. Todd	Bundle of clothing.
"	"	P. T. Berry, Georgetown	Clothing, &c., 40 pieces.
"	"	A lady	Tea, coffee, crackers, condensed milk.
"	"	Dr. W. W. Godding, St. Elizabeth	Box and package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. S. Goldstein	Clothing and bedding, 32 pieces.
"	17.	John Frasier	2 packages of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Poesche	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Miss S. Fisher	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Totten	1 package of clothing.
"	"	George E. Kennedy	1 chest of tea.
"	18.	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Sohon	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A. Saks & Co	1 dozen drawers (new).
"	"	A gentleman	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. B. Nordlinger, Georgetown, collected from Hebrew ladies	2 cases of clothing, &c.
"	"	Mrs. Nichols, Georgetown	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. E. Middleton	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady, 125 C street S. E.	1 package of clothing.
"	"	205 2d street S. E	2 packages of clothing.
"	"	916 New York avenue	3 packages of clothing.
"	"	1316 G street N. W	3 packages of clothing.
"	"	1235 New York avenue	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A. S. Parsons	1 package of clothing.
"	"	1819 15th street	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. L. A. Reardon	Bedclothing and clothing.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. West, Georgetown	1 package of clothing.
"	19.	Matthew Goddard	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	Mrs. Lindsley	Package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. E. P. Cook	Package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	Package of clothing.
"	"	A friend, Georgetown	Package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. E. Staatz	Clothing, infants' and children's, 67 pieces.
"	"	A lady	Clothing, sherry wine, tea.
"	"	Beavans & Shaw	2 barrels of flour.
"	"	John B. White	1 package of clothing.
"	"	William Clabaugh	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	A lady	2 packages of clothing.
"	20.	A gentleman	1 hat.
"	"	George M. Henault	1 dozen port wine.
"	"	Mrs. M. B. Ferguson	Package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Bronaugh	Package of clothing.

September	20.	A lady	Package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	Package of clothing.
"	"	A friend	Package of clothing.
"	"	Hill & Duvall	5 hams.
"	"	723 8th street N. W.	Package of clothing.
"	"	224 A street S. E.	Package of clothing.
"	"	506 E street N. W.	Package of clothing.
"	"	1113 10th street N. W.	Package of clothing.
"	"	126 E street N. W.	Box of clothing.
"	"	Miss Emma Wimsatt, per E. K. Johnson	Lot of clothing.
"	"	H. Clay Jones	½ barrel of flour.
"	"	C. M. Faris	¼ barrel of flour.
"	"	R. A. Golden	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	Walker & Co.	1 box of groceries.
"	"	Church & Vermillion	1 barrel of flour.
"	"	James Wormley	1 box of claret.
"	"	Mrs. A. Hyde, Georgetown	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mr. John Keyworth	1 sack of flour.
"	"	W. J. Wilson	1 barrel of flour.
"	21.	Mrs. General Whittlesey	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Williamson	Lot of clothing.
"	"	A lady	Lot of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. D. W. Zantzinger	75 articles of clothing.
"	"	Miss Emily Hunt	18 articles of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. George Mackey	Package of clothing.
"	23.	Mrs. Jourdan W. Maury	110 pieces of clothing.
"	"	Ladies of Falls Church, Va	Large box of clothing.
"	24.	E. W. Wright, 1306 I street	Bundle of clothing.
"	"	Dr. A. Y. P. Garnett	Bundle of clothing.
"	"	St. Paul's Church, 23d street	2 boxes clothing; 1 box of shoes.
"	"	Mrs. Venable and Mrs. Page	1 box of jelly.
"	25.	Mrs. E. Walcott	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. C. C. Stewart	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady friend	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	"	General Crittenden	1 package of clothing.
"	26.	Mrs. Dr. B. C. Cook	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Miss Maggie Griffin	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	2 packages of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. Fountain	1 package of clothing.
"	"	M. M., Georgetown	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. French	2 packages of clothing.
"	"	Miss E. Smith	Box of clothing.
"	"	Ladies of Rockville, Md	Large box of clothing.
"	27.	Mrs. Cobb	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Rev. Dr. Harold	1 box clothing; 1 box groceries.
"	28.	Mrs. A. M. Blair	1 package of clothing.
"	"	806 12th street	1 box of clothing.
"	"	A gentleman	1 hat.
"	30.	Miss Mollie Wilcox	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A gentleman	1 hat.
"	"	Mrs. General P. F. Bacon	1 package of clothing.
October	1.	A. S. Gatschet	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	2.	Mr. Charles Knap	1 package of clothing.
"	"	C. W. Fish	1 package of clothing.
"	4.	Mrs. William O'Neal	1 package of clothing.
"	"	Ascension Church	1 chest of tea. 1 box of coffee. 1 box of sugar. 2 boxes of clothing, containing 270 garments.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	5.	Mrs. Gant, Georgetown	1 package of clothing.

October	8.	A lady	Package of clothing.
"	10.	A lady	3 packages of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. C. W. Ball	1 package of clothing.
"	11.	W. E. Curtis	1 package of clothing; 1 hat.
"	12.	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	14.	Mrs. W. H. Clark	4 blankets.
"	15.	A lady	Bundle of clothing.
"	"	Mrs. S. A. Lipscomb	2 packages of clothing.
"	"	A lady	1 package of clothing.
"	"	A. B. Johnson	1 package of clothing.
"	17.	E. Lewis	1 package of clothing.
"	19.	S. D. Castleman	6 bottles carbolic acid.
"	21.	Mrs. T. E. Maffette	Clothing.
"	22.	Mrs. R. H. Brainard	1 package of clothing.
"	25.	A lady	2 packages of clothing.
"	28.	A friend	1 packages of clothing, 6 pieces.

Ladies' Southern Relief Association of Georgetown, D. C.

Mrs. W. W. Curtis, President; Mrs. Dr. Lockerman, Vice-President; Miss N. Lawrence, Secretary; Miss Mary Beall, Treasurer.

Net receipts from Charity Fair held in Georgetown, D. C., September 20 and 21, 1878	$350
Nov. 30, 1878. Received from National Relief Commission, for the manufacture of clothing	10
Dec. 7, 1878. Received from National Relief Commission, for the manufacture of clothing	175
Total	$535

Supplies Forwarded.

To Mrs. Julia F. Lee, Brownville, Tenn., 1 box of garments, valued at	$18
To Protestant Episcopal Children's Home, New Orleans, care of Sister Roberta, box of clothing, valued at	61
To Orphans at Port Gibson, Mississippi, care of Rev. Mr. Plank, box of clothing, valued at	116
To Orphans at Vicksburg, Miss., care of Wolfolk & Moore, two boxes of clothing, valued at	143
To Orphans at Jackson, Miss., care of Rev. Mr. Tucker, box of clothing, valued at	146
To Orphan Asylum, Natchez, Miss., box of clothing, valued at	172
To Orphans at Newtown, Newtown county, Miss., care of Capt. Pettus, box of clothing, valued at	139
To Mrs. Foster, refugee	2
Total value	$797

Labor Exchange, Washington, D. C.

(Mrs. Jane C. Hitz, Manager.)

January 15, 1879, received of L. J. Davis, Treasurer National Relief Commission, for appropriation	$500

Total number of garments made—

Dresses	165
Skirts	1[illegible]
Aprons	
Chemise	

Drawers	144
Petticoats	33
Gowns	36
Shirts	69
Pants	50
Jackets	36
Waists	108
Total	711

Valued at $900.

Forwarded February 26, 1879, 4 boxes of clothing, per Adams Express, to Edward Shaw, Memphis; Sister Mary Joseph, Memphis; Hon. J. B. Young, Somerville, Tenn.; and J. C. Morris, Grand Junction, Tenn.

Supplies Forwarded.

DATE.	ARTICLES	VALUE
Sept. 16.	By Adams Express, consigned to Howard Association, Memphis: 3 boxes fresh bread; 1 box cooked provisions; 4 boxes groceries; 1 box (40 cans) condensed milk; 1 box medicines; 1 box assorted supplies; 1 barrel fried potatoes; 1 chest tea; 1 package pipes and tobacco	$800
Sept. 21.	Baltimore and Potomac and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, consigned to "C. G. Fisher, Chairman Citizens' Relief Committee, Memphis, Tennessee," and to the "Acting Mayor, Memphis, Tennessee": 33 barrels of soda biscuit; 4 chests of tea; 1 box of soap; 1 wall tent; 5 cases wine; 37 boxes, containing clothing, blankets, spreads, shoes, drugs, canned provisions, jellies, groceries, &c., (estimated)	2,000
Sept. 28.	Baltimore and Potomac and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, consigned to A. R. Shepherd, Chairman, St. Louis, Missouri, for relief boat: 55 barrels of biscuit; 21 boxes of clothing, containing clothing of all descriptions	1,000
Sept. 28.	Dr. G. B. Thornton, Memphis, Tennessee, per Adams Express Company: 2 bales of woollen blankets	250
Oct. 2.	By Adams Express Company: 1 box marked "Sisters of St. Mary, Memphis, Tennessee;" 4 boxes marked "Sister Helen, Episcopal Church Home"	500
Oct. 10.	To J. D. Stewart, Chairman Relief Committee, Jackson, Mississippi, per Baltimore and Potomac Railroad and Pennsylvania Railroad Company: 5 boxes of assorted provisions; 7 boxes of clothing, of various description	1,000
Oct. 12.	Sisters of Mary, Memphis, Tennessee, per Adams Express Company: 4 boxes of clothing	400
Nov. 3.	Mrs. R. W. C. Mitchell, Greenville, Mississippi, per Adams Express Company: 2 boxes of clothing	250
Nov. 8.	Hon. Casey Young, for Relief Association, Memphis, Tenn.: 50 barrels of biscuit and 21 boxes of clothing, assorted, per Pennsylvania Railroad Company	1,000
Forwarded through the Ladies' Southern Relief Association of Georgetown, D. C., clothing, &c., (see report on page 60,) estimated value		797
Forwarded February 26, 1879, by the Labor Exchange, to Memphis, Somerville, and Grand Junction, Tenn., (see report on page 61,) estimated value		900
Rev. Dr. Tucker, Jackson, Miss., clothing and supplies, from Church of the Epiphany		250
Mrs. C. C. Parsons, Memphis, Tenn., groceries and clothing, from St. Paul's P. E. Church		50
St. Mary's Orphanage, Memphis, Tenn., groceries and clothing from Guild of Holy Cross Church		50
Total value of supplies forwarded		$9,247

Favors Extended to Commission.

Washington Post	Advertising.
National Republican	"
Evening Star	"
The Daily Critic	"
Sunday Capital	"
Sunday Herald	"
Sunday Gazette	"
Sunday Chronicle	"
Governor A. R. Shepherd	Use of Chronicle Building.
Joseph F. Hodgson	Two months' voluntary service.
Boteler & Bro	Loan of crockery.
Allison Nailor, Jr	Horse and buggy.
John T. Mitchell	Loan of wagon.
Hume & Davis	Broom.
Labor Exchange	Loan of chairs and tables.
William M. Shuster	Packing boxes.
A. Burgdorf	Wagon.
Charles Earl	Horse and wagon.
S. Goldstein	Packing boxes.
Perry Brothers	Packing boxes.
J. Lansburg & Bro	Packing boxes.
Francis Prott	Packing boxes.
James Kelleher	Loan of horse.
Kennedy & Co	Loan of rope.
Mark Latimer	Services as auctioneer.
Gibson Brothers	Printing 10,000 envelopes.
Judd & Detweiler	Printing 10,000 envelopes.
J. Brad Adams	Supply of envelopes.
J. C. Parker	Supply of envelopes.
Charles Earl	Horse and wagon.
H. Reh	Loan of flags.
William Dickson	Loan of flags.
Stephen Just	Loan of horse and wagon.
Allison Nailor	Loan of horse and buggy.
Stephen Just	Loan of horse and wagon.
Finley & Supplee	Loan of tables and chairs.
Anthony Buchly	Loan of tools, furniture, &c.
Potomac Ferry Company	Transportation of flour.
Pennsylvania Railroad Company	Transportation of goods.
Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Co	Transportation of goods.
Adams Express Company	Transportation of goods.
Knox Express	Transportation of goods.
George R. Hill & Co., Alexandria	Baking biscuit, 55 barrels.
Benjamin Charlton	Baking biscuit, 33 barrels.
Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company	Furnishing tickets to Committee.
Pennsylvania Railroad Company	Furnishing tickets to Committee
Pullman Palace Car Company	Furnishing tickets to Committee

MISCELLANEOUS COLLECTIONS

MADE BY

VARIOUS ORGANIZATIONS AND INDIVIDUALS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL REPORTS.

HEBREW CITIZENS' RELIEF COMMITTEE.

Collected at Odd Fellows' Hall, August 21, 1878.

L. Luchs	$5
Henry Franc	10
Lewis Baar	5
A. Saks & Co	10
Hollander Bros	5
L. Goldsmith	5
S. Wolf	5
H. Brodie	1
M. Hoffa	1
P. Wallach	5
Lansburgh & Bro	20
L. Herzog	3
R. Saenger	1
H. L. Strasburger	5
Strauss & Marx	2
Rich Bros	5
Z. Strasburger	5
L. Abraham	2
A. Abraham	1
G. Enishein	2
L. Rosenberg	5
A. Behrend	5
H. Hollander	5
L. Stern	2
H. Strauss	2
B. Nirdlinger	2
H. Reizenstein	2
D. Dreifuss	2
H. Adler	5
I. L. Blout	5
M. Goldstein	5
S. Hartung	3
H. Hoffa	1
Total	142 00

Collected by Messrs. Lansburgh and Abraham.

W. B. Moses	$20
George J. Johnson	5
Browning & Middleton	10
F. P. May & Co	5
Jackson Bros. & Co	20
C. M. Towson	5
L. O	1
Judge Casey	5
G. Crandell	2
George Watts & Co	5
Thomas J. S. Perry	5
M. D. Whiteside	5
Auerbach & Bros	5
T. J. D	5
C. Christiani	5
B. Beall	5
John W. Kennedy	5
John L. Vogt	3
C. Ruppert	5
Downman & Green	5
K. Kneessi	1
Carl Petersen	2
N. T. Metzger & Bros	3
W. M. Brown	2 50
A. B. Coleman	1
M. Silver	3
J. A. K. Moore	1
Edward Abner	3
Henry Hinke	1
George Willner	3
L. A. McGraw	1
Jerome F. Johnson & Co	3
James H. Vermilye	1
E. Ruppert	1
Anton Fisher	2

S. Kirby	$1	
Hayward & Hutchinson	5	
C. W. Shorne & Co	3	
George Breitbarth	1	
Alexander H. Evans	5	
E. Morrison	5	
D. E. W. Carter	2	
J. Karr	2	
N. W & Co	3	
J. L. Savage	5	
J. Shillington	1	
H. W. Hall	5	
E. G. Davis	5	
L. Heilbrun	1	
J. H. Squier & Co	1	
N. H. Slater	1	
James Fay	1	
M. G. Emery	10	
Charles Baum	10	
J. N. Duvall	1	
Mitchell & Martin	5	
Taylor & Hufty	5	
Samuel Lewis	2	
J. A. Milburn	2	
F. J. Heiberger	10	
M. W. Beveridge	4	
Douglass & Bro	5	
E. Masson	3	
Wm. Ballantyne	5	
E. Heidenheimer	2	
M. Pfeiffer	2	
Geo. M. Drake	1	
Michael Talty	1	
S. Schwarz	1	
Cash	37	75
Total	$307	75

Collected by A. S. Solomons.

Riggs & Co	100	
W. W. Corcoran	500	
Washington Gas Light Company	250	
Officers and clerks of the Bureau of Military Justice	50	50
The colored citizens of D. C	122	84
Paymaster Bacon	546	57
Paymaster-General Cutter	78	
Signal Office	87	50
Hon. S. F. Phillips	25	
Dr. J. C. Hall	20	
Hon. P. Philips	25	
Wm. Galt	25	
John A. J. Cresswell	20	
U. S. steamer Passaic	34	50
Thos. J. Fisher	20	
William B. Kibbey	25	
Anonymous (Rev. Mr. A)	20	
Lieutenant Ide	41	
Rev. J. T. Murray	14	
Base-ball match	21	75
Rev. J. M. Sheridan	14	
A. S. Solomons	5	
C. C. Willard	5	
George E. Baker	5	
Mrs. Ann Lindsley	$ 5	
Middleton & Co	5	
John Sherman	5	
H. D. Cook, Jr	5	
James Wormley	5	
Fred Pilling	5	
R. Fulton	5	
F. H. Austin	5	
George B. Welch	5	
F. H. Cobb	5	
Marshall Brown	5	
Hon. Richard Wallach	5	
A. R. Spofford	5	
Judge James Holt	10	
Dr. William H. Gooding	10	
Miss Lucy Rives	10	
T. H. G. Todd	10	
John Franklin	10	
Lewis Johnson & Co	10	
H. C. Swain	10	
W. W. J	3	
E. S. Kellog	1	
A Lady	1	
Isaac Cross	1	
A Lady	1	
(B. Kaufman) Miss Smith	1	
J. B. Fowler	1	
Col. M	1	
A friend	1	
G. J. C	1	
Mr. Wagner	1	
P. B		32
S. B	1	
A Virginia Lady	2	
Captain Brown	2	
Anonymous	2	
Miss F	2	
No name	2	
E. T. Peters	2	
John B. Larned	3	
Lieutenant Ide (second)	4	
Rev. J. T. Murray	5	
W. F. Sibley	5	
Cash	5	
Total	$2,238	98

Collected by H. Baumgarten.

J. McDermott	5	
White & Bro	5	
Carl Muller & Son	5	
B. Kaufman	1	
J. J. Appich	1	
Cash	1	50
Total	$18	50

Collected by Messrs. Wolf and I. Saks.

S. Hill	$5
Mr. Hurley	1
C. Xander	
J. Saul	
C. Fisher	
John P. Lothrop	

Aug. 24.	Vicksburg Howard Association, sent per Western Union Telegraph Company	$100 00
" 24.	Grenada Howard Association, sent through U. S. Treasurer Gilfillan	200 00
" 24.	Memphis, J. R. Flippin, Mayor, sent through U. S. Treasurer Gilfillan	300 00
Sept. 3.	Nurses for Memphis	200 00
" 4.	Instruments, Fisher	12 00
" 5.	Howard Association, Memphis, sent through U. S. Treasurer Gilfillan	300 00
" 6.	Howard Association, Memphis, sent through U. S. Treasurer Gilfillan	700 00
" 6.	New Orleans Howard Association, sent through U. S. Treasurer Gilfillan	700 00
" 7.	Baton Rouge Howard Association, per U. S. Treasury draft	100 00
" 7.	Vicksburg Howard Association, per U. S. Treasury draft	200 00
" 7.	Canton Howard Association, per U. S. Treasury draft	100 00
" 7.	Holly Springs Howard Association, per U. S. Treasury draft	200 00
	L. Abrahams, telegraphing	5 14
" 10.	Simon Wolf, telegraphing	12 64
	Total	$4,135 78
" 11.	Balance on hand and turned over to Lewis J. Davis, Treasurer National Relief Commission	552 78
		$4,688 56

Masonic Fraternity, District of Columbia.

Total collections		$1,550 00
Forwarded to I. L. Powers, Esq., Grand Sec'y Grand Lodge of Mississippi	$550 00	
Forwarded to James C. Batchelor, M. D., Grand Sec'y Grand Lodge of Louisiana	250 00	
Forwarded to J. Frizzell, Esq., Grand Treasurer Grand Lodge of Tennessee	650 00	
Forwarded to H. A. Whitney, U. S. Treasurer, returned to him, being amount collected by him in Treasury Department	100 00	—1,550 00

Citizens' Tournament Committee.

James L. Barbour, President; Horatio Browning, Vice-President; H. H. Dudley, Secretary; Charles E. White, Treasurer.

Net receipts of Tournament given at the National Driving Park, September 6, 1878		$800 00
Sept. 13, 1878. By telegraphic draft to A. Luvia, Cashier Louisiana National Bank, New Orleans, La., for the Peabody Association	$200 00	
Sept. 13, 1878. By telegraphic draft to D. W. Coan, Howard Association, Grenada, Miss.	150 00	
Sept. 13, 1878. By telegraphic draft to R. F. Beek, Mayor, Vicksburg, Miss.	150 00	
Sept. 13, 1878. By telegraphic draft to W. J. Smith, Howard Association, Memphis, Tenn.	200 00	
Sept. 13, 1878. By telegraphic draft to W. J. L. Holland, Chairman Relief Committee, Holly Springs, Miss.	100 00	
Total	$800 00	

Net receipts of Tournament given at Hill's Driving Park, Benning's Station, September 27, 1878		$1,200 00
Oct. 16, 1878. Relief of family of Geo. N. Barber, volunteer nurse	$100 00	
October 16, 1878. M. Bowen, President Workingmen's Relief Assembly, New Orleans, La	100 00	
Oct. 16, 1878. J. W. Putnam, President Relief Committee, Bay St. Louis, Miss	100 00	
Oct. 16, 1878. Emmett L. Ross, Relief Committee, Canton, Miss	100 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Catholic Orphan Asylum, New Orleans, La	75 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Catholic Orphan Asylum, Memphis, Tenn	75 00	
Oct. 13, 1875. Catholic Orphan Asylum, Vicksburg, Miss	75 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Protestant Orphan Asylum, New Orleans, La	75 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Protestant Orphan Asylum, Memphis, Tenn	75 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Protestant Orphan Asylum, Vicksburg, Miss	75 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. E. L. Henderson, President Relief Committee, Pass Christian, Miss	50 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. H. H. Miner, President Relief Committee, Ocean Springs, Miss	50 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Relief Committee at Osyka, Miss	50 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Relief Committee at Osyka, Miss., 20 pairs of woollen blankets	37 50	
Oct. 13, 1878. Relief Committee at Tangipahoa, La.	50 00	
Oct. 13, 1878. Relief Committee at Tangipahoa, La., 20 pairs of woollen blankets	37 50	
Relief Committee at Jackson, Miss., 40 barrels of biscuit, bacon, and canned corned beef	75 00	
Total	$1,200	

THE EVENING STAR NEWSPAPER COMPANY AND ITS EMPLOYEES.

Total collections	$78 75	
From anonymous correspondents	6 00—	$84 75

Paid over to Commissioners of the District.

Sept. 11, forwarded draft of R. P. Dodge, Treasurer, to Howard Relief Association, Memphis, Tenn	$84 75

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, THROUGH HON. A. A. FREEMAN.

Total collections		$80 00
Forwarded to Howard Association, Brownville, Tenn	$80 00—	$

Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Total collections, through Superintendent O. H. Irish		$591 16
Forwarded to J. R. Flippen, Mayor, Memphis, Tenn	$50 00	
Forwarded to F. R. Southmayd, Secretary Relief Committee, New Orleans, La	35 00	
Delivered to J. K. Upton, Chief Clerk Treasury Department (see report)	419 00	
Delivered to Lewis J. Davis, Treasurer Relief Commission (see report), $65.26, $19.15, and $2.75	87 16—	591 16

Government Printing Office.

Printers and pressmen subscribed		$244 00
Forwarded to Memphis and New Orleans	$244 00—	244 00

Department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic.

Total collections		$20 00
Forwarded to Col. York A. Woodward, Grand Army of the Republic, New Orleans, La	$20 00	20 00

Colored Citizens.

Total collections, through Fred. Douglass		$237 12
Turned over to A. S. Solomons and L. J. Davis, Treasurer, (see report)	$237 12—	237 12

Police Department.

Total collections		$1,481 46
Delivered to L. J. Davis, Treasurer, (see report)	$241 00	
In hands of T. P. Morgan	1,240 46—	1,481 46

East Washington Relief Association.

James A. Tait, President; Louis S. Delling, Secretary; P. P. Little, Treasurer.

Collections		$332 61
Forwarded to Mayor of Memphis	$175 00	
Forwarded to Mayor of Vicksburg	111 11	
Forwarded to Howard Association, Grenada	46 50—	332 61

United States Treasury Department.

n the various bureans		$1,465 83
ers. Wolf and Saks (see report of Hebrew ions) for distribution	$1,417 83	
vis, Treasurer, (see report,) for dis-	48 00—	1,465 8

ROBERT A. CHURCH, NAVY DEPARTMENT, FOR CITIZENS OF BLADENSBURG AND HYATTSVILLE, MD.

Total collections		$30 00
Forwarded to President Howard Association, Memphis, Tenn	$30 00—	30 00
Forwarded to Charles G. Fisher, Esq., Chairman Relief Committee, Memphis, Tenn., provisions, &c	60 12	

UNITED STATES CAPITOL RESTAURANT.

M. McKeogh, collections		109 00
Forwarded Hon. Casey Young, Memphis, Tenn	104 00	
Forwarded Police Force, Memphis	5 00—	109 00
House Restaurant Employees contributed		50 00
Forwarded Hon. Casey Young, Memphis		50 00

CATHOLIC CHURCHES OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

St. Aloysius Church	242 89
St. Matthew's Church	340 00
St. Stephen's Church	145 00
St. Joseph's Church	36 00
St. Augustine's Church	115 00
St. Peter's Church	110 00
St. Dominick's Church	100 00
St. Mary's Church	45 00
Holy Trinity Church	160 00
Immaculate Conception	139 00
St. Patrick's Church	201 00
Total	$1,633 89
Sent to societies in New Orleans, Memphis, and Vicksburg	1,633 89

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY, REV. MR. PARET, RECTOR.

Total collections		$262 27
Forwarded Rev. W. P. Kramer, New Orleans	$50 00	
Forwarded Rev. George White, D. D., Memphis	50 00	
Forwarded Rev. Bishop Quintard, of Tenn	112 27	
Forwarded Rev. Dr. Tucker, Jackson, Miss	50 00—	262 27
Clothing and supplies forwarded to Rev. Dr. Tucker, Jackson, Miss., valued at		$250 00

ST. MARK'S CHURCH, PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

Total collections, through Rev. A. T. Steele, Rector		$40 00
Forwarded to Citizens' Relief Committee, through I George White, D. D., Memphis, Tenn		40 00

Mount Vernon Place Church and Sunday School.

Total collections, through W. P. Harrison, Pastor—Church $200; School $30		$230 00
Forwarded to Rev. Dr. Marshall, Vicksburg, W. H. Foster, New Orleans, and R. W. Blen, Memphis	$230 00—	230 00

Christian Church and Sunday School.

Total collections, through Rev. F. D. Power		$15 50
Forwarded Dr. F. Goodyear, acting Mayor, Memphis	$15 50—	15 50

St. Paul's P. E. Church.

Total collections		$350 00
Groceries, clothes, &c., to Sisters of St. Mary, Memphis, Tenn	$300 00	
Groceries, clothes, &c., to Mrs. C. C. Parsons, Memphis, Tenn	50 00—	350 00

West St. Presbyterian Sabbath School.

Total collections		$66 00
Forwarded to Rev. B. M. Palmer, New Orleans	$66 00—	66 00

Second Baptist Church.

Total collections, through Rev. Isaac Cole, Pastor		$50 00
Forwarded Rev. S. Landrum, Memphis, Tenn	$50 00—	50 00

Church of the Ascension.

Cash collections, through John H. Elliott, Associate, (for Memphis refugees,)	$25 00
Clothing, forwarded through Relief Commission	300 00

[illegible]RACE AQUILAR LODGE, I. O. B. B.

[illegible]		$35 00
[illegible]atchez, Miss	$20 00	
[illegible]ith, Memphis, Tenn	15 00—	35 00

FOREIGN FUND.

Disbursed by the Secretary of State on recommendations made by Relief Commission, viz.:

Sept.	18, 1878.	To G. L. Smith, collector of customs, New Orleans	$1500
"	18, "	To Howard Association, Vicksburg, Miss	1500
"	18, "	To C. F. Conn, Relief Commission, Memphis, Tenn	2000
"	18, "	To W. J. L. Holland, Relief Commission, Holly Springs, Miss	400
"	18, "	To Rev. W. L. McCracken, Grenada, Miss	200
"	18, "	To A. A. Farres, Mayor, Hickman, Ky	200
"	18, "	To Robert Powell, Mayor, Canton, Miss	200
"	27, "	To aid in chartering relief boat	1000
Oct.	23, "	To T. J. Carlisle, Mayor, Chattanooga, Tenn	500
"	28, "	To Hon. Casey Young, Memphis, Tenn	1000
"	29, "	To Canton, Miss	200
"	29, "	To Port Gibson, Miss	200
"	29, "	To Lake City, Miss	200
"	29, "	To Osyka, Miss	200
"	29, "	To Greenville, Miss	250
"	29, "	To Jackson, Miss	250
Nov.	1, "	To C. Tayler, Relief Committee, Mississippi City, Miss	500
"	1, "	To Rev. Stevenson Archer, Greenville, Miss	300
"	1, "	To Mayor McGill, Jackson, Miss	500
"	1, "	To towns and villages surrounding Memphis	1000
			$12,100

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Total collections		$607 19
Bureau of Education	$27 00	
Indian Office	71 75	
Secretary's Office	60 00	
Land Office	106 75	
Pension Office	69 29	
Patent Office	81 90	
The Misses Telleck	5 30	
Raffle for bracelet (contribution of Mrs. C. C. Stuart)	100 00	
Receipts from base-ball games—Examiners *v.* Attorneys.	85 20	
Total amount paid to L. J. Davis, treasurer, (see report,)		$607 19

MRS. C. E. MERRILL'S COLLECTIONS.

Total amount contributed		$152 40
Forwarded Hon. H. D. Money, or B. F. Ward, Winona, Miss., for Grenada	$90 00	
Forwarded Thomas R. Roach, Vicksburg, Miss	45 00	
Forwarded Thomas R. Roach, Vicksburg, Miss	17 40	
Box of provisions, cooked food, and canned fruit, forwarded by Relief Commission, valued at	25 00—	152 40

FIRE DEPARTMENT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Total collections		$145 21
Forwarded to Vicksburg, Miss	$145 21—	145 21

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

Total collections	
Forwarded to various points South	$

Central Presbyterian Church.

Total collections		$50 00
Forwarded to Memphis, Tenn	$50 00—	50 00

Guild of Holy Cross Church, J. A. Harrold, Rector.

Forwarded groceries and clothing to St. Mary's Orphanage, Memphis, Tenn., valued at		$50 00

Young Men's Christian Association.

Collections		$139 33
Forwarded to New Orleans, La	$139 33—	139 33

Knights of St. Peter.

Collections		$100 60
Forwarded to New Orleans, La	$100 60—	100 60

Knights of St. Patrick.

Collections		$100 00
Forwarded to New Orleans, La	$100 00—	100 00

Guests at Rock Enon Springs.

Collections		$50 00
Forwarded to Vicksburg, Miss	$50 00—	50 00

St. Aloysius Church Excursion.

Proceeds of Excursion to Chapel Point		$284 50
Forwarded to New Orleans	$284 50—	284 50

Crystal Fount Division, S. of T.

Collections from entertainment		$75 96
Forwarded to Memphis, Tenn	$67 00	
Paid over to L. J. Davis, treasurer, (see report)	8 96—	75 96

Journeymen Bookbinders' Association.

		$100 00
on. O. H. Singleton, for Canton, Miss	$100 00—	100 00

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ees Government Insane Asylum.

		$128 00
Association, New Orleans, La	$128 00—	128 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

Hon. T. F. Bayard, to Homeopathic Relief Association, New Orleans, La.	$25 00
Frank Hume, to treasurer Howard Association, Vicksburg	50 00
St. Patrick C. T. A. Society, forwarded to New Orleans	10 00
First Baptist Church, D. C., forwarded to New Orleans	60 00
Green Mountain Lodge, G. U. O. of O. T., forwarded to New Orleans	15 00
Miss Smith, forwarded to Howard Association, Brownville, Tenn	2 00

GENERAL RECAPITULATION.

Receipts.

Total amount received by Lewis J. Davis, Treasurer, from all sources	$15,512 01
Total amount disbursed by Henry Franc, Treasurer Hebrew Citizens' Committee	4,135 78
Collected and distributed by the Masonic fraternity	1,550 00
" " " Catholic Churches	1,633 89
" " " Church of the Epiphany	262 27
" " " St. Mark's P. E. Church	40 00
" " " Mount Vernon Church and Sunday School	230 00
" " " Christian Church and School	15 50
" " " St. Paul's P. E. Church	350 00
" " " West street Presbyterian Sunday School	66 00
" " " Second Baptist Church	50 00
" " " Church of the Ascension	25 00
" " " M. E. Church, South	200 00
" " " Central Presbyterian Church	50 00
" " " Guild of the Holy Cross	50 00
" " " Young Men's Christian Association	139 33
" " " Knights of St. Peter	100 60
" " " Knights of St. Patrick	100 00
" " " Guests at Rock Enon Springs	50 00
" " " St. Aloysius Church excursion	284 50
" " " Citizens' Tournament Committee	800 00
" " " " " "	1,200 00
" " " Crystal Fount Division S. of T	75 96
" " " Mrs. C. E. Merrill	152 40
" " " Fire Department	145 21
" " " Journeymen Bookbinders' Association	100 00
" " " East Washington Relief Association	332 61
" " " Employees Insane Asylum	128 00
" " " Post Office Department	80 00
" " " Government Printing Office	244 00
" " " Bureau of Engraving and Printing	85 00
(Additional collections paid over to L. J. Davis, Treasurer; see report.)	
Collected and distributed by the Commissioners of the District for Evening Star Company	84 75
Collected and distributed by Grand Army of the Republic	20 00
" " " Citizens of Bladensburg and Hyattsville	30 00
" " " U. S. Capitol Restaurant	159 00
" " " Grace Aguilar Lodge, I. O. B. B	35 00
" " " through Miscellaneous sources	162 00
" " " in the fund held by Major T. P. Morgan, Chief of Police	1,240 46
" " " distributed by the Hon. Wm. M. Evarts, Secretary of State, on the recommendation of Committee, from the "Foreign F	100 00
Total amount of miscellaneous collections in the Dist. of	[illegible]
Total estimated value of supplies forwarded from the Columbia	[illegible]

VOLUNTEER NURSES.

Sent to Memphis, Tenn., under the auspices of the Hebrew Citizens' Relief Committee:

MRS. NAP. CROMWELL.
MRS. IRA ELDER.
MRS. M. L. DAVISON.
MRS. LOTTIE BEASLEY.
MRS. M. E. DARCEY.
MRS. LOUISA SILVEY.
MISS WALLACE.
DR. W. T. RAMSEY.
DR. T. P. PEASE.
LORENZ REBSTOCK.
W. B. THOMPSON.
GEORGE N. BARBER.
O. LOWE.
CHARLES OXE.
DANIEL WOODEN.
CHARLES ROLETTE.
JAMES D. UZELL.

Mrs. Cromwell, W. B. Thompson, George N. Barber, and O. Lowe died of the yellow fever at Memphis, Tenn., during the months of September and October, contracted whilst in the performance of volunteer duty as nurses.

LANE MEDICAL LIBRARY

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